WEATHER: FOR OHIO—Fair and cooler Sunday with rising temperature Sunday night. Monday fair and warmer.

The Coshocton Tribune AND TIMES-AGE

VOL. IX., No. 242. SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 12, 1918. TWO CENTS

WITH FOOD ENOUGH WE WIN, WITHOUT FOOD WE ALL FAIL.

See that no farm lacks help enough to produce maximum food crops.

Help feed a fighter. At least help feed yourself.

Work on a farm.

CARRY YOUR FLAG TO THE FURROWS!

Ukrainian Situation Threatens; Hun Troops Rushed Eastward

MANUFACTURE OF SURGICAL DRESSINGS IS HALTED BY FAMINE IN GAUZE SUPPLY

According to the present plans there will be no more surgical dressings made in the local Red Cross workroom before June 15th. If it is found practicable to resume this branch of the work before that time announcement will be duly made.

In making this decision the Coshocton chapter is merely acting in harmony with request made by division headquarters at Cleveland. Difficulty is being experienced in securing gauze and other materials used in making the surgical dressings in quantities large enough to maintain the rapid rate of production of the past three months.

In spite of this required temporary cessation there is small danger that the supply will not be equal to the demand until such time as work can be resumed again. A tremendous reserve of the bandages has been built up so that chapters may feel assured that the stock of dressings already accumulated against our more active participation in the war is large enough to meet all emergencies and present requirements both of our own forces and our allies.

The Red Cross department of supplies is working in close co-operation with the government and Red Cross orders are promised equal attention with similar orders from the government.

It should be kept clearly in mind that this temporary suspension of surgical dressing making has not the slightest effect upon other Red Cross activities. While the work-room will not be open Tuesday night until further notice it will be opened Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M. as usual.

Women who have hitherto been devoting all their energies to surgical dressings are asked to help in the sewing department where there is a much urgent demand for more workers. Muslin bandages are made in this department as well as the various other articles listed in the hospital supplies.

It is imperative that the output of the local work-room be kept up at par at least; above par whenever possible and to do that the united womanpower of Coshocton must get behind the work.

BUCKMASTER IS BITTEN BY DOG

John Buckmaster was severely bitten on the face by a large dog in a saloon on Hickory street, Friday evening. Buckmaster reached down to pat the dog, a Newfoundland, and he sprang at his face tearing several gashes around the mouth

Dr. J. W. Shaw closed the wounds with several stitches.

A. C. Maston of Coshocton route 7, was a business visitor here yesterday

Nation Fast Is Improving Financially

Gold Supply Shows Steady Gain — Third Loan Did Not Drain Banks.

(International News Service)

WASHINGTON, MAY 11.—With the country facing vast expenditure for its military and naval organizations the fundamental financial structure has been established upon a firm basis that improves with each month. Today's monthly bulletin of the federal reserve system shows that general business conditions are very active; that industry is extending in every section and that money rates remain absolutely firm. Labor is being well paid, and is reported in more settled condition in all districts.

The third Liberty Loan has not drained the banks of their strength, being largely absorbed by about 17,000,000 purchasers and the controller of the currency declares that the total resources of the national banks prior to the loan were more than $18,000,000,000. With the flotation of three large war loans, approximately $9,000,000,000 in all, the resources have increased more than $2,000,000,000 since March, 1917.

The national gold supply is showing a steady gain Since the beginning of the war in 1914, the gold stock has gained $1,047,180,000. The list of state banks and trust companies joining the federal reserve system is assuming an imposing position in the financial life of the nation. The board reports 444 state institutions having been admitted to membership up to April 30. The total capital of these banks is more than $265,000,000 and the total resources aggregate $5,872,851,597.

To facilitate loans to farmers and holders of agricultural securities, the federal reserve board has reported the completion of a survey made by a group of specialists which establishes valuable information for bankers in guiding them in the loans protected by staple commodities offered as collateral.

War prosperity has affected the banking of the principal neutral countries, the bulletin shows.

The metallic reserves in Denmark, Holland, Norway, Spain, Sweden, and Switzerland have shown a gain at the end of 1917 of 145 per cent, with a doubling of bank note circulation.

Perry West, West Lafayette, was a business visitor here yesterday.

Miss Nora Whiting, of South Seventh street, is spending Sunday in Newcomerstown.

3,000 AIR PLANES IN FRANCE WAS POSSIBILITY

Gutson Borglum Declares He Had No Thot of Any Personal Gain.

STATEMENT DENIES VICIOUS CHARGES

Says Aircraft Manufacture is Blocked by Ohioans High in Authority.

NEW YORK, N. Y., MAY 11.—Asserting that more than 3,000 airplanes might have been in use on the western battle front as far back as last March Gutson Borglum this afternoon issued a statement countering the charge that he had hoped to reap financial gain as a result of his allegations against the government's aircraft program.

He denied with vigor that he had been actuated with selfish purposes and insisted that his friendship for President Wilson has never been misused.

"I deny the charge that I improperly used the president's authority in any matter whatsoever," said Borglum, "either in a manner to offend good form or to constitute a breach of confidence The people who are opposing me presented that charge to the president in a way to offend him as it naturally would.

"I deny that I was connected with aircraft manufacture that I profited or that I was going to profit in any way. I am going to take up fully the claim of the war department that it had certain knowledge in its possession and intimating that if I didn't shut up they would use what they had up their sleeves against me.

"I intend to show Senator Thomas how he was deceived and wrongly used by a group of antagonists to the only companies that could make planes for us at once The Wright-Martin and Curtiss Company could have furnished us five thousand airplanes and we could have had 3,000 to 4,000 of these in France by this time.

"The Curtiss Company has not been permitted to continue filling contracts for service machies. Opposition from Ohio has blocked their way."

A detailed statement of how aircraft manufacture has been blocked by Ohio groups is being prepared by Mr. Borglum and he is also preparing a more comprehensive denial of the charges against him.

LANGUAGE CHOICE PUT UP TO PUPILS

The students of the local high school were given questionnaires Friday morning to be filled out answering questions concerning their school course and what they intend to do after graduating from high school These questionnaires were made out by Supt C E Bryant

One of the questions asked the students was, what language they preferred in the curriculum next year in place of German; either Spanish or French The pupils were also asked what activity they would like to see introduced next year The boys were decidedly in favor of military training

From these questionnaires the school authorities expect to obtain many important and interesting statistics concerning the purposes of the students after leaving high school.

J. A Shepler Conesville route 2, made a business trip here yesterday.

Elihu Darr, Conesville, was in Coshocton Saturday on business.

TWENTY FOURTH RED CROSS CHAPTER IN COSHOCTON-CO. ORGANIZED AT MILL CREEK

Mrs. J. S. Elliott, chairman of the committee on the organization of branches of the local Red Cross with Mrs. W. W. Bechtol of her committee has recently completed the effecting of a temporary organization at Mill Creek. Mrs. Walter Lowe and Mrs. Beulah Pretzius are the temporary chairman and secretary respectively The permanent organization will be completed very shortly.

With Mill Creek organized there will be twenty-four Red Cross work rooms in the county in addition to the parent one in Coshocton with strong probabilities of that number being increased before the summer is well begun.

Mrs. Elliott and her committee are indefatigable workers and have built up a strong organization all over the country.

The list of completely organized branches and their officers is as follows:

Adams Mills: Chairman, Rev C. J. Gregg; secretary, Miss Laura Smith.

Bakersvile: Chairman, Miss Madeline Mizer; secretary, Miss Bernice Riggle.

Blissfield: Chairman, Mrs. J. B. Milligan; secretary, Miss Garnet Monk.

Canal Lewisville: Chairman, Mrs. David Markley; secretary, Miss Minnie Kirk.

Conesville: Chairman, Mrs. James Larr; secretary, Miss Anna Abel.

Cooperdale: Chairman, Mrs. Judith Graham; secretary, Miss Exie L. Jones.

Fresno: Chairman, Rev. C. T. Goodwin; secretary, Mrs. R. B. Hamilton.

Keene: Chairman, Mrs. G. F. Bauer; secretary, Mrs. George Whittemore.

Orange: Chairman, Mrs F. A. Richmond; secretary, Miss Dale Davis.

Mohawk: Chairman, Mrs. Robert Laughlin; secretary, Mrs. Walter Given.

Nellie: Chairman, Mrs. A. J Methram; secretary, Mrs. Edw. Crago.

New Castle: Chairman, Mrs D. E. Coggins; secetary, Mrs. M. Marquand.

Plainfield, Chairman, Mrs K. E. Huffman; secretary, Mrs. Burt Miskimin.

Roscoe: Chairman, Mrs. J. E. Lyons; secretary, Miss Alice Kanavel.

Spring Mountain: Chairman, Mrs. Frank Uhlman; secretary, Miss Mattie McNeal.

Tiverton: Chairman, Mrs. C. H. Gamertsfelder; secretary, Mrs. C. E. Day.

Tyndal: Chairman, Mrs. Roy Patton; secretary, Miss Myrtle Roberts

Walhonding: Chairman, Mrs. C. E. MacMullan; secretary, Miss Zelma Elder.

Warsaw: Chairman, Miss R. E. Clark; secretary, Mrs W. G. Urey.

West Bedford: Chairman, Mrs. J. M. Barrett; secretary, Mrs. Belle McCurdy

West Carlisle: Chairman, Mrs Wm Matthews; secretary, Mrs. Benj. Cochran.

West Lafayette: Chairman, Mrs Burt Leighninger; secretary, Miss Anna Rossel.

New Bedford: Chairman, Rev. Heisserman; secretary, Miss Freda G. Ely

Sixty-Two To Be Examined Here Monday

Fifty of These Were Married Since the Declaration of War.

Sixty-two men will be examined at the court house Monday for military service, and of this number about 50 are men who were married since May 15, 1917. Practically all these newly-weds attempted to get deferred classification, but have been put in class 1-A by the district board

Among the men to be examined is Walter Wiggins, befter known as known as "Earl" Wiggins, who was indicted by the grand jury last month on a charge of rape. Wiggins is 20 years of age, but did not register last June. A representative of the local draft board visited him at the county jail Saturday and registered him as subject to call to military service.

Charles Hall Hurt In Mine

Charles Hall, aged 35, of East Chestnut street, was injured while working in the Warwick mine Saturday. Mr. Hall was standing where some coal was being let down and was struck on the right arm and hand.

His arm was fractured and his hand crushed Mr. Hall was brot to his home in this city and Dr. Jesse McClain summoned His arm was also badly lacerated. Saturday evening Mr. Hall was resting comfortably. Dr Edmund Cone took an X-Ray picture of the injury Saturday.

MARRIAGE LICENSE

John Brown (colored), 32, Coshocton, laborer, Elizabeth Berry (colored), 24, Coshocton. E. G. Abbott.

A Boy's Tribute

Prettiest girl I've ever seen
is Ma.
Lovelier than any Queen
is Ma.
Girls with curls go walking by,
Dainty, graceful, bold and shy,
But the one that takes my eye
is Ma.

Every girl made into one
is Ma.
Sweetest girl to look upon
is Ma.
Seen 'em short and seen 'em tall,
Seen 'em big and seen 'em small,
But the finest one of all
is Ma.

Best of all the girls on earth
is Ma.
One that all the rest is worth
is Ma.
Some have beauty, some have grace.
Some look nice in silk and lace,
But the one that takes first place
is Ma.

Sweetest singer in the land
is Ma.
She that has the softest hand
is Ma.
Tenderest, gentlest nurse is she.
Full of fun as she can be,
An' the only girl for me
is Ma.

Bet if there's an angel here
It's Ma.
If God has a sweetheart, dear.
It's Ma.
Take the girls that artists draw,
An' all the girls I ever saw,
The only one without a flaw
is Ma.

CAPTAIN GIBSON IS WOUNDED IN BRITISH TRENCH

Captain James Gibson, of New Castle on Tyne, England, who has relatives in this city and visited here before the war, has been wounded in the leg in the recent big drive on the western front

Captain Gibson enlisted during the first call to the British colors. Two years ago he was wounded in the abdomen by a machine gun explosion He laid on the battlefield in the rain for sixteen hours and in an effort to walk fifty yards to the British trench, was shot in the foot by a Hun pot sniper

After recovering from those wounds he went back in the "push" and later laid for several months in a hospital suffering from trench fever. He had just returned to the battlefield where he was put in the front lines, when he was again wounded in the leg.

BAVARIAN CAVALRY ON WAY TO RUSSIA PASS THRU LIEGE

Ukrainia on Verge of Anarchy as Result of Interference With Country's Internal Affairs by Germans —Ukrainian Rada is Dissolved and Members Arrested.

AMSTERDAM, MAY 11.—Germany is shifting troops from the west to Russia according to information received today from a frontier correspondent. He reported the arrival of large contingents of Bavarian cavalry at Liege from the Flanders front. The Bavarians were on their way to Ukrainia and the correspondent was told that the war is to be renewed there.

WASHINGTON, MAY 11.—Ukrainia, thrown into a turmoil because of interference by Germany with the internal affairs of the country is on the verge of anarchy. This was the outstanding feature of an official Ukrainian report read to the reichstag committee by Herr Scheidemann, according to the German newspaper, Vorwaerts, a translation of which was made public by the state department this afternoon.

Reports of what had occurred spread rapidly thru the country and disorders were reported from various sections. The German minister to the Ukraine, Baron Mum protested that he had no knowledge of the arrest of the Ukrainian officials and later announced that the protest of the government had been forwarded to Berlin.

According to the Vorwaerts, Scheidemann closed his speech by advising Germany to cease playing the part of a figurehead and if it was not "in agreement with occurrences in the east, openly to leave the responsibility to those who are to blame."

The report which was made after the committee had voted to raise the injunction on debates concerning Ukrainia, said that on April 25, German soldiers surrounded the building in which the Central rada holds its sessions and arrested the members as well as the members of the government. They were subjected to the roughest kind of treatment, and all the private papers of the rada were confiscated. The ministers of the interior, foreign affairs, and of war were arrested without warrants.

WILLIAM EMLER, 90, DIES AT DAUGHTER'S HOME, WILLS CREEK

Following an extended illness of heart trouble, William Emler, 90, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George Hutchison, of Wills Creek, Wednesday morning at 8 45 His condition has been regarded serious for the past two weeks and death was not unexpected. He had a cheerful and charitable disposition and was loved by all who knew him

William Emler was born in Mingo county, October 12, 1827 In 1874 he was united in marriage to Margaret Baxter Fourteen children were born to this union His wife and four of the children having preceded him to the grave several years ago The following children survive Mrs George Hutchison, with whom he has made his home since the death of his wife; Mrs Oliver Fortune, of Willow Brook; Mrs. Ben. Wilden, of Tyndall, Irwin, or Bloomfield; Anderson, of Birds Run; Richard, of Tyndall; Lon, of Plainfield; Rudolph, of Maysville, and John and Morris, of Conesville One brother, Lewis Emler, of Missouri, and one sister, Eva Poland, of Cambridge; forty-two grandchildren and fifty-five great grandchildren also survive

Funeral services were held at the home in charge of Rev. A. R. Read, pastor of the Franklin M. P. church, and burial was made in Harmony cemetery

Buggy Hit By An Auto

A slight accident occurred about one o'clock Saturday afternoon on Main street near Fifth, when an automobile driven by Albert Cochran, of South Seventh street, collided with a buggy, throwing its two occupants to the street and tearing off one wheel. The identity of the two men in the buggy could not be learned. They were unknown.

Cochran was attempting to avoid a collision with another automobile when the accident occurred.

Mrs. Solomon Stocktum, West Lafayette shopped here, Saturday

BAKERSVILLE LOYALISTS NAIL FLAGS ON HOMES OF ALLEGED PRO-HUNS

Because of their alleged pro German utterances and failure to contribute to Red Cross, Liberty Loan and other "win the war" campaigns, the homes of Jacob Bahmer, David Zimmerman and Charles Riggle, of Bakersville, were visited by about 20 residents of the vicinity Saturday afternoon, who placed an American flag on each of the homes. There was no demonstration other than the placing of the flags on the houses, no one being seen at the Zimmerman and Riggle homes. Bahmer watched the proceedings from the lawn of his home, but said nothing.

Feeling against Bahmer is particularly strong, as he removed the flag 15 minutes after the crowd had left it. He is reported to have said "I won't give one cent for a flag" when solicited for 25 cents toward the purchase of a new American flag to be dedicated today.

The crowd that visited the three homes Saturday made plans for the dedication of the new American flag and the raising of the Adams township Liberty Loan honor flag before going to the alleged pro-Germans. They erected a new flag pole for the two flags to be dedicated this afternoon.

Speakers and musicians from Coshocton will go to Bakersville to give the dedication program, which will begin at 2:30 o'clock.

The PERUNA Family

has three members you should know if you desire to enjoy life.

1. The popular liquid form of Peruna—the reliable tonic of the American household, with a long history of success in treating all catarrhal difficulties.

2. The tablet form, which is made after the same formulary and is more convenient for many.

3. Manalin, the ideal laxative, by the regular use of which constipation may be overcome and natural action restored. Manalin has no habit forming drug, but is gentle in nature.

Your druggist has all three. So many thousands have received benefit from the use of one or both, that we feel that they are a recognized part of the equipment of every careful household.

THE PERUNA COMPANY Columbus, Ohio

Newsy Letters

WARSAW

Cliff Stover called on his sister Anna Bucklew Thursday evening.

Mrs. Finley Lease of Tunnel Hill spent Friday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Haxton.

Miss Ruth Hess spent Friday in Warsaw.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McCurdy shopped in Coshocton Saturday.

Mrs. Ella Cox expects to leave for Illinois in a short time.

Creona Sproul and Agnes Trego spent Saturday and Sunday at their homes near Branch.

Mrs. Sylvia Taylor of Coshocton spent a few days in Warsaw recently.

Commencement will be held here May 17.

Mrs. J. R. Neldon is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Haines and son Clarence, Mr. and Mrs. Will Bickel and son Jim, Mr. and Mrs. Lester McCurdy and son Charles, Mr. and Mrs. John Fowler, Mrs. J. L. Stewart and son James and daughter Virgia, Mrs. Lyman Taylor and Mrs. Darling called on Mr and Mrs. J. W. Haxton Sunday.

Anna Elder spent Thursday evening with Mrs. L. C. Shaw.

Miss Martha Hays spent a few days in Warsaw with her grandmother.

Ann Bucklew took supper at the home of Anna Riley, Thursday evening.

Miss Dot Van Horn is spending a few days in Coshocton.

Harvey Myers of Akron is spending a few days in Warsaw.

Ben Bucklew has been spending a furlough at his home here.

Mrs. Ira Endsley spent Tuesday evening with Mrs. J. W. Haxton.

Hazel Elliott was unable to attend school here last week.

Grandma Curran is improved.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hooker spent Wednesday with Harry Kaser.

W. A. McCurdy called on his mother, Friday afternoon.

THE PLAINS

W. T. Marquand and daughters, Lela and Lillian, and Golda Holdsworth motored to Nellie and spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Hagans.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ford spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Corder.

August and Ralph Holdsworth spent Saturday afternoon in Coshocton.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lacy, of Dresden R. F. D. 1, spent the week-end at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Jess Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Stacy Balo and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Balo.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Marquand and sons, of Zanesville, spent Sunday at the home of Jay Marquand.

Mrs. Mary Corder spent a few days with her son, Grant Corder, of Conesville.

Miss Mildred Corder spent Tuesday evening with her grandmother, Mrs. Grant Newcome, of Adams Mills.

Charles Meredith spent Tuesday in Coshocton.

The Plains M. E. church has organized an Epworth League. The officers are as follows:

President .....Chester Newcome
First Vice-President....A. Holdsworth
Second Vice-President...Mildred Balo
Third Vice-President. Lillian Marquand
Fourth Vice-President..Mrs. Newcome
Secretary .....Leo Cox
Treasurer .....Blake Marquand
Organist .....Lillian Marquand

The first meeting will be held Sunday evening.

GLASS OF WATER BEFORE YOU EAT ANY BREAKFAST

Wash poison from system each morning and feel fresh as a daisy.

Every day you clean the house you live in to get rid of the dust and dirty which collected thru the previous day. Your body, the house you soul lives in, also becomes filled up each twenty-four hours with all manner of filth and poison. If only every man and woman could realize the wonders of drinking phosphated hot water, what a gratifying change would would take place.

Instead of the thousands of sickly, anaemic-looking men, women and girls with pasty or muddy complexions; instead of the multitudes of "nerve wrecks," "rundowns," "brain fags" and pessimists we should see a virile, optimistic throng of rosy-cheeked people everywhere.

Everyone, whether sick or well, should drink each morning before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour fermentations and poisons, thus cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

These subject to sick headache, biliousness, nasty breath, rheumatism, colds; and particularly those who have a pallid, sallow complexion and who are constipated very often, are urged to obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store which will cost but a trifle but is sufficient to demonstrate the quick and remarkable change in both health and appearance awaiting those who practice internal sanitation. We must remember that inside cleanliness is more important than outside, because the skin does not absorb impurities to contaminate the blood, while the pores in the thirty feet of bowels do

CLOVER MUST BE CUT EARLY DURING JUNE WHEN SEED IS SOUGHT

Clover must be cut in Ohio early in June in the southern half of the state and about the middle of the month in the northern part if the second crop is to be harvested for seed. In this way the later crop will escape the ravages of the clover seed midge, a small maggot that lives in the blossoms and by its feeding prevents seeds develop-ment.

The midges appear in late May and lay their eggs in the clover heads. The small maggots feed in the heads until late June, then fall to the ground pupate and later emerge as a second brood of flies late in July or early in August. When the crop of hay is removed early in June, the insects die. If the hay is cured and the next crop is free from any possibility of severe attack. Pasturing the field until about the middle of June brings the same result.

Timely Hints to the Farmer

Wage War on Barberries

Last year North Dakota and Manitoba passed laws requiring the destruction of barberry bushes. This spring the Minnesota commission of public safety, headed by the governor of the state, joined on more to the same effect. In Wisconsin the state council of national defense issued a home appeal urging the people of the state to destroy the barberry bush. In all the land from Pennsylvania westward to Montana a strong effort is being made to get rid of the European barberry (Berberis vulgaris).

The reason for this movement is that the stem rust of wheat passes one stage of its existence on the barberry from which it spreads rapidly and abundantly to the grain. The losses from rust have been enormous and will so continue unless radical measures are taken to check its ravages. We can not at the present time afford the loss of 200,000,000 bushels of wheat in a single year as was the case in the United States and Canada in 1916.

It is believed, with good reason, that the losses can be greatly reduced by destroying the tall barberry. The Japanese variety (Berberis thunbergii) does not harbor the rust and is therefore harmless. The tall or European barberry is the offender. It would seem to be a patriotic duty to destroy a plant which has no real value, in order to save a crop absolutely necessary if we are to feed ourselves, our soldiers, and our allies.

Getting Seed From Poor Corn

The result which may be expected in corn selected by ear test from a lot showing poor germination has been determined by an individual ear test of 360 ears and subsequent composite tests by C. J. Willard and H. W. Schnur of the Farm Crops Department of The Ohio State University.

A bulk sample of this corn germinated 46 percent vigorous sprouts. Six grains from each ear were used in the ear test. The experimenters found 46 ears that produced six vigorous sprouts each, or perfect germination. These 46 ears were then shelled together and 500 grains from the lot tested for germination. Only 86 percent of these produced vigorous sprouts, which indicates the necessity of a large composite test after ears have been selected by the individual ear test. With such results a heavier rate of planting should be used. From the original 360 ears 48 others were found to produce five vigorous sprouts from the six grains tested. When, after shelling this lot of 48 ears, 500 kernels were tested 70 percent of vigorous sprouts were produced. Another poorer lot consisted of 46 ears which each produced four vigorous sprouts from six grains. A similar test of 500 grains of this lot taken from the shelled corn showed 66 percent of them producing vigorous sprouts.

How Record Yields of Corn Were Produced

How three Ohio farmers each grew an average of over 100 bushels of shelled corn per acre on 10-acre plots last season with the yields reduced to a moisture content of 20 percent is told in an illustrated bulletin just issued by the Agricultural College Extension Service, Columbus. It may be had without cost on application. The factors responsible for the achievements are given careful treatment.

Eat Potatoes

Millions of bushels of the 1917 crop of potatoes remain to be eaten before June, if we are to save this vast food supply. The need for saving food is being newly emphasized by the recent figures which show that during the war more people have died of starvation in Europe than in battle. Eating potatoes will release wheat for needs across the seas.

Overheard in the Garden

Cutworms used to cut off my young tomato plants, but of recent years I have used a method which prevents this injury. When transplanting cabbage and tomatoes I wrap a small piece of paper, 3 1-2 by 4 inches, around the stem. When the plant is set out, one-half of this collar of paper extends beneath, and one-half above the ground. This prevents the cutworm from getting to the stem and is excellent insurance against these insects. I have never lost a plant wrapped with paper and consider this method of protection practical for the average farm and back yard garden.

In large truck patches and in the cornfields I have killed these worms quickly by means of poison bran mash scattered very thinly along the rows of corn or vegetables. The formula now used is as follows: Bran, 1 peck; Paris green or White arsenic, 1-4 pound; cheap syrup or molasses, 1 pint; 2 oranges or lemons (ground or chopped fine); water, 3-4 gallon. Mix the dry bran and poison thoroughly then sprinkle over it the sweetened liquid made by stirring the syrup and ground fruits in the water. The bran should be stirred while the liquid is being added, and then mixed with a trowel or hoe for a few minutes. This bait is scattered very thinly in the evening and is an effective poison with which to kill the worms. They feed at night and by the next afternoon their dead bodies can be found on and beneath the surface of the ground. I use this method from seeds and which have not been protected by the paper collars. I try to scatter the mixture too thinly for chickens to pick up, but am careful not to let the chickens feed where this poison has been spread.—Agricultural College Extension Service, Ohio State University.

No Market For Chicken Lice

Feed is too scarce and expensive and poultry meat too valuable to be wasted by lice and mites. These animals have no market value, and each year they cause the death of thousands of chickens and hens.

The chicken mite lives in cracks and crevices of the poultry house during the daytime, and visits the chickens to suck blood during the night. The ravages of mites can, therefore, be checked by frequently cleaning the house and spraying or sprinkling with an insecticide. Kerosene, crude oil, or a coal-tar wood preservative may be used for this spray. Then percent crude carbolic acid added will increase the effectiveness. Begin spraying early in the season and continue at least once each month during the hot weather.

Poultry lice live continually on the hen's body, which must be treated if they are to be killed. This may be done by use of a lice powder well worked into the feathers, or by applying mercurial or "blue ointment" mixed with an equal amount of vaseline, under the vent, under each wing, and at the base of the neck. "Blue ointment" can be had at drug stores. A few ounces will treat a large flock. An amount the size of a pea will treat a mature fowl or five to eight growing chicks. For very small chicks, lard, vaseline, or meat frylings can be more safely used. Effective treatment for lice and mites must begin at once before the hot summer weather favors their increase by the thousands.

Farmers Get War Seed Corn

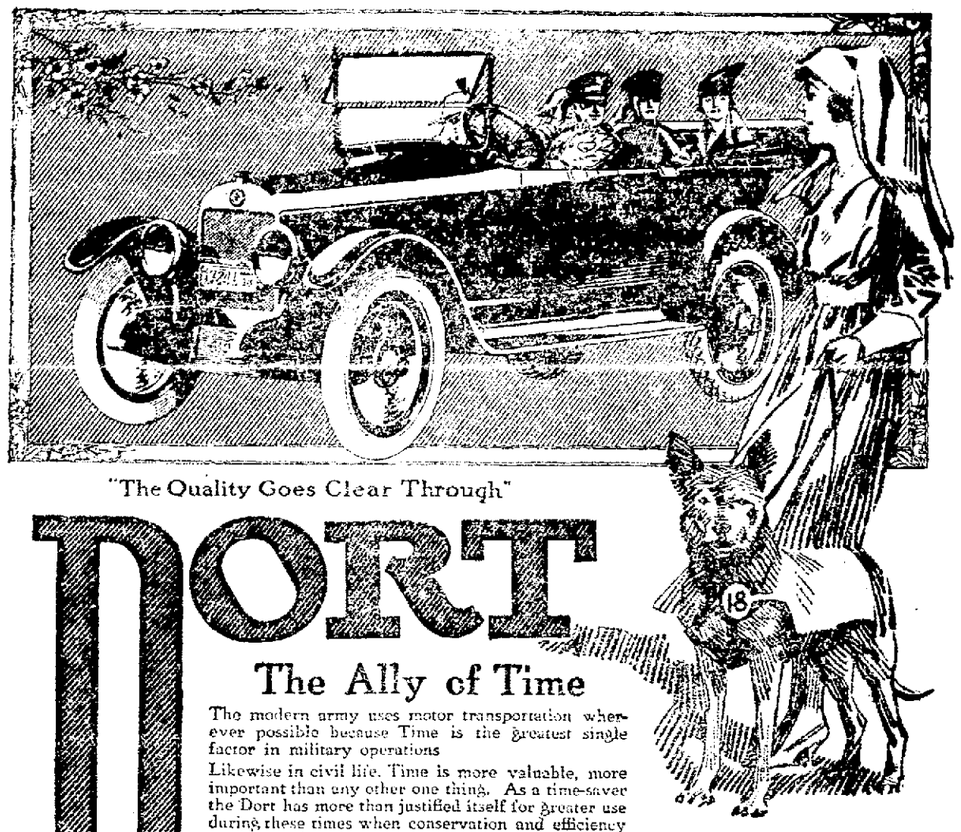
Thru special arrangements completed by the Ohio State University, 11,500 bushels of seed corn have just been acquired in Pennsylvania and Delaware for distribution in small amounts at cost directly to farmers. This consignment is in addition to 67 carloads of corn of the same types from those states which the University previously obtained for Buckeye farmers. This corn is disposed of thru the offices of the county agricultural agents, who are the local representatives of the University. It has shown a composite germination test of 86 percent and was selected by corn specialists from varieties that will mature in Ohio. The last lot of 11,500 bushels for reconsignment from points in Ohio is shelled, cleaned, and bagged for delivery by express. The price of the corn is $5.

PHYSICIAN HELD FOR ILLEGAL CASE

(International News Service)

C. Jones, of this city, is at liberty today under bond of $2,500 after having been arrested on an indictment returned by the grand jury charging that he performed an illegal operation on May Belle Henderson, aged 16.

Dr. Jones is married and has several children.



"The Quality Goes Clear Through"

DORT

The Ally of Time

The modern army uses motor transportation wherever possible because Time is the greatest single factor in military operations

Likewise in civil life. Time is more valuable, more important than any other one thing. As a time-saver the Dort has more than justified itself for greater use during these times when conservation and efficiency are imperative.

The Dort is thrifty in tires, fuel and oil because it is of conservative size carries no excess weight, and is built for service without waste. One does not need to save a great deal of time in a year to pay for a Dort Car—nor a great deal of time in a week to pay for its small weekly upkeep. The 1918 Dort Models are particularly smart, handsome cars, comfortable, ample, readily handled and easily cared for.

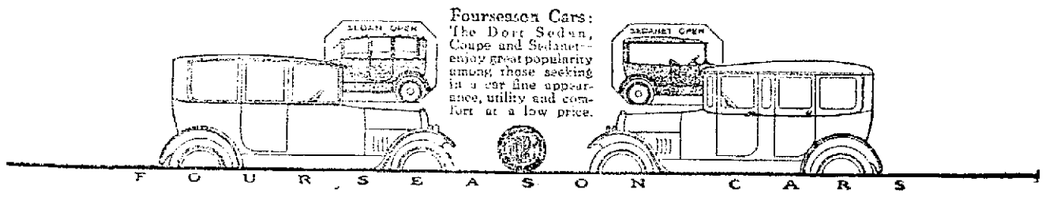
Open Cars
Touring - $865
Roadster - $865

Fourseason Cars
Sedanet - $1000
Sedan - $1265
Coupe - $1265

All prices F. O. B. Flint, Mich.

DORT MOTOR CAR CO. Flint, Mich.

WAGNER & WORKMAN WARSAW, OHIO



Fourseason Cars: The Dort Sedan, Coupe and Sedanet—enjoy great popularity among those seeking in a car fine appearance, utility and comfort at a low price.

FOUR SEASON CARS

Training Little Children

Suggestions by mothers who have been kindergartners. Issued by The United States Bureau of Education, Washington D. C., and The National Kindergarten Association, New York, N. Y.

ARTICLE XII—By Mrs. V. OMA GRACE OLIVER.

Parents must not look down upon the child and consider his efforts, trials and sorrows petty; we must try to understand how sincerely they put all their hearts into their play and that the losses that seem so trivial to us are of great moment to them. We must learn to share all their experiences with them if we would develop the fine feelings we wish them to have at maturity.

Children must not be shut off in one part of the house to remain aloof until a certain age but ought to be a part of the family circle, sharing its joys, work and minor sorrows. I do not mean that children should be pushed before visitors, have all their meals at the family table or remain up until their elders retire, but there are times and places when it is the children's right and privilege really to be members of the family.

Even when they are very young, children can assume responsibility for certain light tasks about the house and as their age and strength increase, more and more duties should be added. The great American idea has been to remove all responsibility from the child and to give him a care-free childhood. I would not take one second of joy away from any child, but I would make it a joy for him to feel that the home is his and that he, too, helps in the making of it by performing certain duties that need to be done for the comfort of all. The child of 2 can pick up toys, put away dishes and silver, help set the table, dust low furniture and run many errands upstairs and down, and he loves to feel that he is "mother's helper."

He brings his daddy's slippers.
He picks up baby's toys.
He shuts the door for grandma.
Without a bit of noise.
On errands for his mother
He scampers up and down
She vows she would not change him
For all the boys in town.

(Song—For A Little Child's Day, by Emilie Poulsson and Eleanor Smith.)

Then the child can help prepare for the great festival days, birthdays Thanksgiving and Christmas, those joyous days which bring the family very close together, and we can let him share not only in the preparation but in the joy of the day itself and here very early he gains a presentiment of the love and spirit of service that make home, and an ideal of the home that he will some day found.

As we would let the child share the labor and the festivals, so we must permit him to share the great family secrets and home joys. Let him know that he must never divulge anything that concerns only the family and I know that a child properly trained will never tell his playmates what he is told is a family secret.

So we begin very early to train him to keep his word and the sanctity of the home. When he has been thus prepared he is ready to share with the mother and father that greatest family secret, the coming of the new baby, and this confidence will bind the little one closer than anything else to the very heart of the home.

Children are so open-hearted and ready to respond so sweetly and quickly to faith and trust that we often miss great happiness by not sharing our hopes and joys more freely with them.

If we keep the bond very close our home will become the great meeting place of all children and this love and companionship between parents and children will be like a powerful magnet whose attraction the children cannot resist.

So from these beginnings the home tie will be so strengthened that we need never fear that the allurements of the world can draw our children from us, but can rest assured that they will always return to the "center of deep repose."

Borglum Gets Up Statement

(International News Service)

NEW YORK, N. Y., MAY 11.— Gutson Borglum, the famous sculptor, accused of having used his friendship with President Wilson in an effort to break up the personnel of the air craft board, and to form a corporation of his own for the manufacture of airplanes for the government is preparing a formal statement here today. It is understood that his statement will bitterly attack the war department and that he will attempt to place the blame for the delay in getting machines to France to that branch of the government.

Borglum, it is reported, will assert that had the war department not interfered that the United States would not have five thousand machines active in France.

NEWMAN NAMED STATE LIBRARIAN

COLUMBUS, O., MAY 11.—John H. Newman, Democrat, of Columbus, former librarian and fire marshal has been named state librarian to succeed C. B. Galbreath Republican, June 10. Clayton A. McCleary, of this city, has been elected president of the library committee, succeeding C. W. Park, of Cincinnati.

PERCY AND FERDIE---Yes, as the Goat, Mr. Hotbunn Will Officiate - - - - By H. A. MacGILL

Creator of the Hall-Room Boys.

The Why and Wherefore of the War Chest

During eight months beginning in June 1917 Coshocton county raised a good sum of money for war relief purposes. This was done in separate drives and movements for the several funds, most notably the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., K. of C., the Jewish War Work, the Belgian Relief, the French Orphan Fund, the Smileage Book Fund and others, these alone amounting to about $60,000. This does not include the investments in Liberty bonds and Thrift stamps.

THE NEEDS INCREASING

The needs of the last year are small in comparison with what will be needed the coming year, both in the nation and in Coshocton county. Not one of the funds raised by the several national organizations was sufficient for a full year. Besides, that was when we had only a nucleus of an army in the service, the most of it in the cantonments and training camps in this country, where there was no exposure to those hardships of war which make great numbers of sick and wounded. During the coming year these conditions will be vastly different. Not only will the United States have at least four times the number of men in the service, but more than a million of them will be "over there" in the thick of the fight, and doubtless many of them will need hospital service, besides the many lesser ministrations to their care and well being which a patriotic people back home want to extend to those who are fighting our battles. With all these conditions perfectly obvious, the most careful students of the situation are agreed that the money required to provide for these war needs the coming year will be three or four times greater than last year.

In the summer of 1917 the American Red Cross made a drive for a War Fund of a hundred million dollars, which was largely oversubscribed. This was not nearly sufficient for the needs of a full year. Early in March last there was announced a drive for another hundred million dollars. In this Coshocton county's quota was fixed at twenty-three thousand dollars.

With the practical certainty that the war will be long drawn out, the thinking people became convinced that if Coshocton county were to continue in the haphazard, unsystematic way, this community might fall short of meeting the increasing needs. Four conditions predicated this fear:

First, each separate need made necessary a separate organized "whirlwind campaign," which drew heavily on the time of hundreds of solicitors whose efforts could be spent better in their regular occupations.

Second, this constant series of financial appeals was uselessly taking the time of those solicited, now when more than ever before that time should be conserved.

Third, no single organization was large enough to reach all the people. No single campaign, with a limited appeal for a single need, could reach all the people. As a result, many thousands of men and women who would have welcomed the opportunity to give, were overlooked.

Fourth, appeals for the larger and more vital war needs were gradually being obscured by a multiplicity of smaller campaign appeals.

INEQUALITIES OF FORMER PLAN

In the "whirlwind campaigns" for the single organizations nearly all the money was contributed by a comparatively small number of people. For example, in the Red Cross war fund campaign there were about 900 contributors, only three per cent of the population. In the Y. M. C. A. campaign there was a little larger number of contributors, but since many of them had contributed to the Red Cross, the total number of contributors to both not much more than eight per cent. By having a War Chest campaign to provide for all such needs for a year, the organization can be made so large and thorough and the soliciting so carefully systematized that about thirty per cent of the entire population will give. Moreover, by the systematized method they will give in proportion to their ability, which results in a much larger fund, besides distributing the burden fairly.

EVOLUTION OF THE WAR CHEST

Closely following the announcement of the second war fund drive of the Red Cross, there was called a conference in Coshocton, to which the leading war working organizations were invited to send representatives. At this conference there were twenty-four men representing the following named organizations: Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., K. of C., Liberty Loan Committee, Thrift Stamp Committee, Salvation Army, Rotary Club, Chamber of Commerce, and The Press. At this conference there was a lengthy discussion of the advisability of adopting the general War Chest plan of raising enough money to provide for all war needs for a year, as against the old plan of separate drives for the several different funds. The War Chest plan had been thoroughly tried out in Canada, where they have been longer engaged in war, and more recently adopted in many communities in the United States, with most satisfactory results. A vast number of communities throughout the United States are now inaugurating the War Chest plan.

ADVANTAGES OF WAR CHEST PLAN

The War Chest plan has a number of advantages over the old plan of several single drives, among others these:

1. Economy of time in organization and solicitation. With many people it is more judicious to devote that time to earning money in their regular pursuits, in which they are most efficient, then contribute the money to the War Chest.

2. The raising of more money, by one great systematic movement in which nearly everybody gives in proportion to his ability.

3. Distribution of the burden so that one person will not be called upon to carry another's share.

4. Payments in installments, to enable all to contribute out of current earnings, avoiding the difficulty of paying all at one time.

5. More intelligent distribution to the different funds by careful investigation of the purposes for which used and the amounts needed.

6. The development of patriotism and national unity by giving everybody an opportunity to participate in proportion to his ability, in helping to win the war.

7. The establishment of closer unity and community spirit in making common cause of a great national emergency.

After thorough discussion and consideration of these and other phases of the subject, the conference of twenty-four representatives decided unanimously to recommend to the community the War Chest plan.

Although the War Chest plan was recommended by the Conference of Representatives, this was not treated as decided, but the matter of making decision was left for the consideration of the General County Conference, or mass meeting, held in Sixth Street Theater on Sunday afternoon April 28, to which everybody was invited, through the press, and especially it was publicly urged that anyone who might be opposed to the War Chest plan should come to the meeting and state his objections. This meeting was largely attended, and by representative citizens from nearly every township of the county, including farmers, merchants, manufacturers, factory workers, miners, lawyers, doctors, ministers, teachers, clerks and others. It was repeatedly urged that there be a full, free expression of opinion regarding the War Chest plan, either favorable or otherwise, so that any action taken would represent the consensus of public opinion. After lengthy discussion it was decided by unanimous vote to adopt the War Chest plan. This was followed by the adoption, at the same meeting, of a constitution and by-laws, election of a board of control, and the adoption of a basis of contributing, each and all by unanimous vote.

THE GOAL

At the first meeting of the conference of representatives there was appointed a committee of seven to make a special study and investigation of the amount of money that should be raised to provide for all war needs for a year. This committee consisted of Messrs. George M. Gray, Thad L. Montgomery, Fred S. Wallace, Edward M. Wimmer, C. B. McCoy, Dr. E. U. Marquand, and Dr. J. E. Hahn. The committee made an exhaustive study of that subject, gathering information from every known source, and visiting other communities where the War Chest plan had been adopted, where the committee was given the benefit of both their data and their conclusions.

How this committee evolved its estimates and arrived at its conclusion is too long a story to relate here, with the mass of figures and detail that would be necessary to get an understanding of the subject. Suffice it to say, the committee was unanimous in reporting that at least $150,000 would be needed in Coshocton county. For a time the committee intended to recommend a larger amount, but finally decided to recommend that irreducible minimum, in the belief that it would be largely oversubscribed. The committee felt that if a rainy week or any other unfavorable circumstance might result in the amount subscribed being less than the goal, it would be an everlasting humiliation to the community, and therefore fixed the goal at an amount less than first decided upon, to avoid the danger of such thing happening.

In the possible event of an oversubscription in an amount larger than the actual needs of the ensuing year, any amount remaining can be utilized in the next year, so long as it will last, for the same purposes. From present appearances, however, there will be need for all we can raise, and more, to provide Coshocton County's share in helping to save the world from despotism and barbarism. The Red Cross alone will need very much more money than last year, both nationally and locally. With the great number of patriotic women in this county who are giving their time and energies in the Red Cross work rooms, making hospital supplies, garments, etc., for soldiers, vast amounts of materials are being consumed, and to keep this good work going there will be needed many times more money than last year. This money must all be provided locally, as the national organization cannot furnish it.

WHY THE GOVERNMENT DOESN'T DO IT

Someone may ask, "Why doesn't the Government do these things for the soldiers and sailors out of funds raised by taxation?" There are many reasons, but the most important one is this: The morale of the army cannot be kept up in that way. Men will not go to the front and fight in the jaws of death, giving up their lives if necessary, for a people back home who are not willing to give anything more than they are compelled to give by tax laws. Our men at the front who are offering to sacrifice their lives, must know that we are willing to sacrifice something for them without being compelled to do it.

In the time of national peril, when our boys in the service are giving everything, it is not enough for us at home to give nothing more than the four wealthy but miserly citizens who were asked to give something to help build the new church. One gave his consent, another gave thanks, another gave his hearty approval, and the fourth, to beat them all in liberality, gave three cheers.

YES, WE MUST SACRIFICE

In the present crisis we must give something more than words. Yes, it is admitted that this means sacrifice in many cases, but where is there an American who is not willing to make sacrifices now? Suppose we were all to give voluntarily an amount equal to our taxes, would that be too much? If there are some who would not gladly have his taxes doubled, for our need during the period of the war? To print an answer to that question might be an insult to one's intelligence. It must be answered in the conscience of each individual, as a measure of his patriotism and loving for humanity.

THE OBJECT

The constitution of the Coshocton County War Relief Association sets forth its principal object is "to raise an annual budget for distribution among various recognized war relief agencies and otherwise meet the call of various war needs."

DISBURSEMENTS

The fundamental principles that will be followed in the disbursement of the funds, are set forth in the statement signed by all the members of the Board of Control, as follows:

HOW THE FUND WILL BE USED

In order that the people of Coshocton county may fully understand the purpose of the Coshocton County War Relief Association in the application of War Chest funds for war needs, it desires to make the following announcement:

USE FOR THE FUND

The Board of Control has been instructed to and has pledged itself to conserve and expend the funds judiciously and carefully, meeting in full the patriotic duty of the community but avoiding the inefficiency of intermittent impromptu campaigns and the waste of promiscuous solicitations and indiscriminate and duplicate giving.

Pursuant to this the Board of Control regards as of primary importance the support and aid of all the men engaged with the fighting forces either at the front or in camps, and the major portion of the fund will be used for this primary object.

This support and aid will include as a primary obligation all just and proper requirements of Coshocton county boys in the service wherever they may be.

ESSENTIAL PURPOSE

It is regarded as essential that full support be accorded those agencies of relief and aid recognized by the Federal Government, such as the American Red Cross, the war Y. M. C. A., the Knights of Columbus war work, the Jewish war work, Belgian Relief and all such other agencies for war work as may be found worthy.

It regards as next in importance internal and local needs for the support of necessary emergent war work of the city, county, state and federal government.

Finally it regards as important and worthy of support, foreign relief in the interest of humanity, and to maintain the morale of our allies.

COMMUNITY PROJECT

In thus stating the broad policy which it will pursue, it is endeavoring to reflect what it believes to be the will of the entire community and appeals to all of those who may have a special interest in some particular war relief work to support generously and whole heartedly the whole cause, thereby making their special interest a part of the general community movement.

The Committee assures the community that no funds will be appropriated out of the War Chest to any cause which fails to give satisfactory evidence that it is necessary, worthy, properly administered, and that the amount sought is just.

FUND INTACT

Not one penny of the War Chest fund will be used for the cost of administration. Out of a fund voluntarily contributed, the cost of raising and disbursing the "war chest" fund will be fully paid. The "war chest" fund will be used one hundred per cent for war needs.

The Committee acting under the foregoing policy will not countenance any further solicitation for war needs in Coshocton county during the administration of this fund.

THE COSHOCTON COUNTY WAR RELIEF ASSOCIATION

BOARD OF CONTROL

- C. B. McCoy, President
- Edward M. Wimmer, Secretary
- C. H. Magruder, Treasurer
- Fred S. Wallace
- T. L. Montgomery
- George M. Gray
- William Green
- Harry L. Beach
- J. F. Hank
- Dr. J. E. Hahn
- Dr. E. U. Marquand
- H. A. Sieber

The specific amount that may be paid from the War Chest for each specific need is a matter for future determination, and only can be dealt with as each specific need develops, but the Board of Control, which governs all disbursements, has pledged to the public that the above broad statement shall be its guide.

The mere development of these questions at this time is a strong argument in favor of the War Chest system. If it would be difficult for twelve representative men who will devote intensive study to the problem to determine the exact terms of community support to be extended to each specific need, how much more difficult would it be for the community at large? Twelve men charged with that particular responsibility can get a perspective; twelve men, by reason of that perspective, can determine Coshocton County's fair share and can protect the community against an unfair draft.

The Board of Control whose signatures appear above, have been elected for the term ending June 1, 1919.

Section 6 of the by-laws provide that "All disbursements for any war needs or objects shall be made only upon the written request therefor and at meetings at which the public shall be admitted, and must be approved in writing signed by at least nine members of the Board of Control. No action on such matters shall be taken by the Board until three days notice of such request shall be given in the daily newspapers."

It is expected that about 9000 people, 30 per cent of our county's population, will contribute to the War Chest. To accomplish this will require one great, supreme effort, in which all patriotic citizens must pull together for success.

COSHOCTON COUNTY WAR RELIEF ASSOCIATION

Coshocton Tribune and Times-Age

ed as second class mail matter at the Postoffice at Coshocton, O., un-
Act of March 3, 1879.
lished evenings and Sunday Morning by The Tribune Company.
ber of the Audit Bureau of Circulation and the Ohio Select List of
vspapers.
Tribune and Times-Age has the exclusive franchise in this territory
ternational News Service and maintains its own private leased wire.
n Representative—Robert E. Ward, 225 Fifth Ave., New York.
n Representative—Robert E. Ward, 5 South Wabash Ave., Chicago.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

a week .....12c By mail, a month 35c
a year .....$6.00 By mail, six months $1.75
By mail, one year $3.50

All subscriptions are payable in advance and paper stops on expira-
is to comply with postoffice ruling and there will be no deviation
ule.
ommunications must be signed by the authors, written on one side of the
only, and shall not be in excess of 400 words. The paper reserves the
to reject such communications as it sees fit.
he paper is not responsible for any unsolicited manuscript which is not
marked with the name and address of the sender and accompanied by
ent postage for return.
The circulation figures of The Tribune and Times-Age are subject to
cation by the Audit Bureau of Circulation, of which the paper is a char-
nember.

For Mothers

Slowly a great conception is filtering into the minds of men. It is that SERVICE TO OTHERS is the highest human function.

There was a time when the man who killed the most human beings was regarded as the greatest of his kind. Indeed, a lingering trace of this barbaric conception is still found in the little group of war lords that composes the Prussian murder bund.

Still later it was the man who could amass the most wealth that was regarded the greatest of his kind. That idea is still prevalent th eworld over, and it is nowhere more rmly fastened than upon the mental processes of our own people.

But that conception is also fast losing its hold on mankind. And in its place is coming that sublime thot that HE WHO DOES THE MOST GOOD TO HIS FELLOWMEN IS THE GREATEST OF ALL.

SERVICE.

Its twin conception is JUSTICE. He only is just who serves his fellowmen, who puts the common welfare above his own selfish lusts and ambitions.

And it is to the mothers of men we must credit this profound step forward. It has always been the lot of woman to serve. And in the days when the soldier was supreme mere service was regarded as degrading.

Later, when the money mania had assumed first place in the minds of men, when PROFITS was the goal of the "Great," service was still cynically scouted as the function of women and of the poor and downtrodden. Under that conception the real brains of the race were devoted to amassing profits. And by the very act gross injustice was dealt out to the vast majority of people.

But the uncomplaining half of the race, the mothers of men, toiled on. They argued not, even tho they fainted by the wayside and their sense of justice revolted at the misery and woe fastened on the many by the unworthy ambitions of the few.

But the lusts of conquest and of murder and of profits have had their day. The patience of women is being rewarded. Slowly the race is coming to see that their eyes have been blinded for thousands of years.

Looking back over the pages of history who now seem really great? The Alexanders? The Caesars? The Napoleons?

And the remorseless answer comes back: ONLY THEY HAVE BEEN REALLY GREAT WHO HAVE SERVED. The greater and more unselfish the service the greater the individual.

Galileo, Wilberforce, Shakespeare, Victor Hugo, Goethe, Plato, Socrates, Watt, Fulton, Columbus, Lincoln, Burke, Fox, Paine, Franklin, Washington, all of them men who rendered each in his particular way some great service to mankind.

And back of them—

THE MOTHERS!

Back of the greatest personality ever born among men, back of the Christ himself, was the MOTHER, holding him in arms of infinite love, teaching him at her knee those profound truths which can come only from the infinite depths of a mother's love.

In war and in peace; in success and adversity; in health and sickness has been manifested thru the ages that noblest of all human attributes, the unselfish SERVICE of mothers.

Scorned for thousands of years; the object of man's brutal lust; the pack horse for the race since immemorial time; the gentle minister in sickness; man's solace when worldly ambitions are defeated; his comfort and refuge in every hour of adversity—THE MOTHER IS AT LAST COMING INTO HER OWN.

We have tried and found wanting physical might; lordly ambition; conquest, and wealth. And a tired and surfeited race is at last coming back to first principles. The powerful of earth are returning once more to a mother's knee to learn real wisdom.

The son of the Galilean Mary went forth on his marvelous ministry to urge only one thot—"LOVE ONE ANOTHER."

And in the world's hour of trial when the black shadow of WAR is falling across every home, we are learning thru much woe and tribulation the fundamental lessons that that MOTHER taught that SON—

"WHOSOEVER WOULD BE FIRST AMONG YOU, SHALL BE THE SERVANT OF ALL."

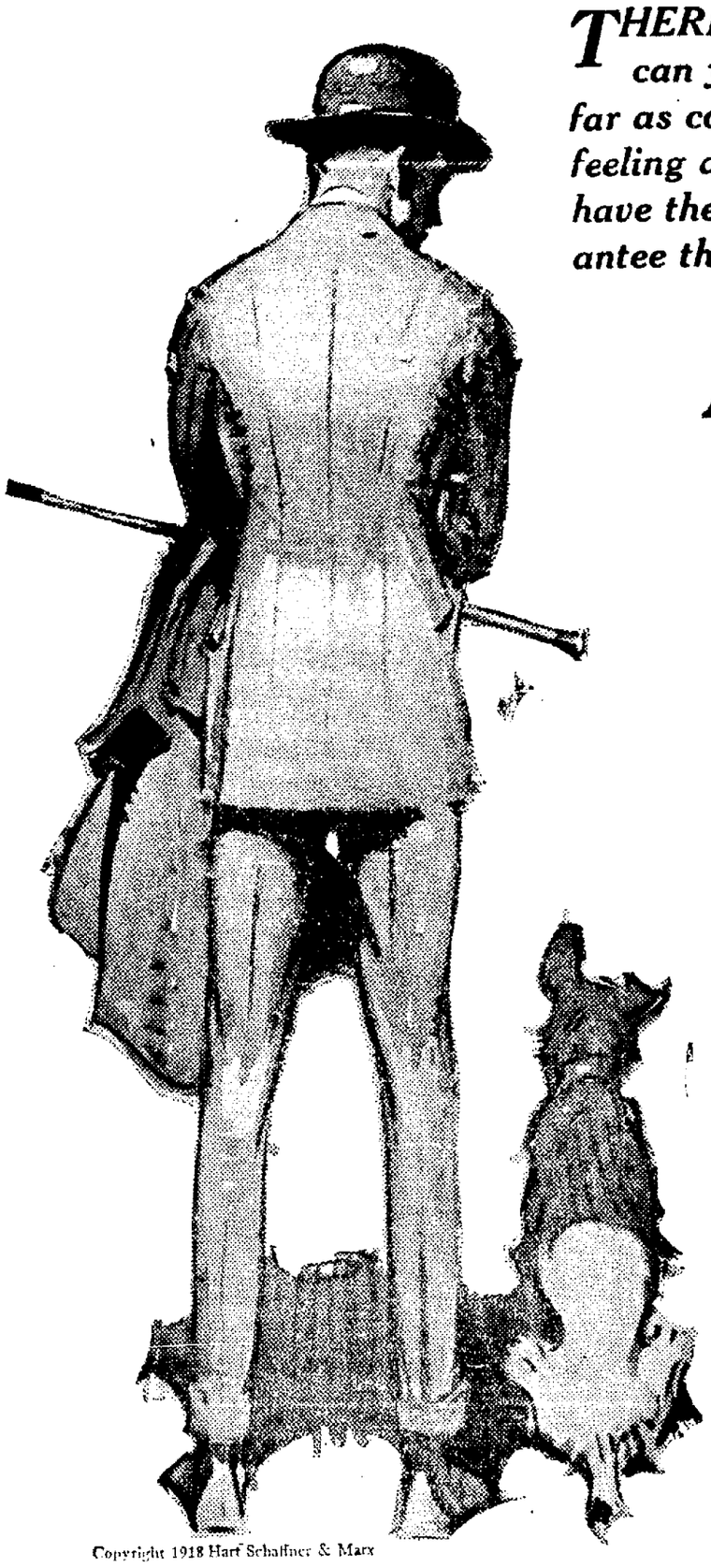
POOL ROOM BOYS ARE ROUNDED UP

(International News Service)

FINDLAY, O. MAY 11.—Chief of [illegible] Crawford [illegible] up a [illegible]

TAKES X-RAY OF FRACTURED FOOT

Dr. Edmund [illegible] took an X-Ray picture of K. L. [illegible] left foot Saturday, to set a [illegible] it be bad [illegible]



Copyright 1918 Hart Schaffner & Marx

THERE are many new things you can trust as you can your dog. You know he'll never fail you. As far as confidence is concerned, you can have the same feeling about this store; we never go back on you. We have the best values to be found, and then we guarantee them to satisfy you, or your money back.

A Live One; the Military Back

Hart Schaffner & Marx made it; that's equivalent to saving two things; you can't find better style anywhere, and the quality is the best that experts and skilled workman can make it.

There are many other good spirited styles here for high school, college and young business men; the seam at the waistline effects, new Varsity Fifty Five suits and "Prep" styles.

THE STYLE OF THE HOUR IN HATS, SHIRTS and FURNISHINGS

New shapes in derbies and soft hats by the best makers; shirts in the latest colorings and patterns; gloves, collars, underwear—everything a well dressed man needs; values that a careful spender wants.

THE BUCKEYE

"ALWAYS BUSY"

PEOPLE'S FORUM

Editor The Tribune and Times-Age.
Dear Sir

I take notice that quite recently there ha been a meeting in Columbus of the Superintendents of the Ohio School Board. If you will allow me space in your columns I would like to refresh the memory of your readers, with a few sayings and a few propositions at the meeting.

First, at the concluding session of the school men, Mark L. Thompson, Cleveland lawyer, said there must be greater financial support. He said new condition have risen in the price of education, along with everything else and we must meet the situation even tho we make no improvements in our system of training young Americans.

There is no doubt that more money must be spent in keeping the Ohio educational system from deteriorating. I believe the need of improved school systems in Ohio was never greater than today. The public school system ha failed lamentably in meeting the foreign problem of the United States; a proposition calling for a federal cabinet post to be known as Secretary of Education was adopted. The above is rather a sad picture, indeed, and the remedy is more money and more officials.

Strange indeed that the fewer children there are to go to school in the rural districts the more money and officials it takes to look after their welfare. Yes, they even proposed to Governor Cox that he call an extra session of the legislature to knock on the one per cent Smith Law, one of the best laws of the last twenty-five years. Far better knock out four or five hundred superintendents, turn the millions of thousands of dollars spent in the direction back into the schools and let the teachers who do the actual work along educational lines, and let the Smith Law stand as it is.

There are two classes: money producers and money spenders. When producers of wealth run short they economize. When spenders of wealth run short, they should learn to do the same. There is such a thing as legislating self-reliance out of existence and it is a dangerous proposition.

There is no proposition connected with education of today greater than to learn early in life the value of a dollar by actual labor, not by legislation. Authority for county school districts to levy one mill to be distributed by the County Auditor and urging that no limitations on levies for school purposes by popular vote. No limitation is certainly preposterous. Any set of men proposing a law to enable another class of men to put their hands in the pockets of the people and extract therefrom without limitation, all the dollars they see fit to, is certainly the limit and then some, and just at a time, too, when all resources are taxed to the utmost to make the world safe for democracy. Certainly those gentlemen do not want the people to rule.

Respectfully,
ALLEN MARSHALL.

"The Yellow Peril" : : By WALT MASON

Once more we [illegible] our vanine impassioned Bryans could not express the grief we'll knowing, as we behold the rank weeds growing. Once more, with knives and spades and diggers, we begin down among the chiggers, uprooting weeds that keep on thriving, that simply will not quit surviving. Oh, there are other deadly battles than those which wax where cannon rattles; and there are foes a lot more yellow than any dadblamed Teuton fellow. Thru wintry months I have been yearning to see the good old spring returning; I prayed for April with an ardor that made the March wind howl the harder; I filled the air with soulful sighs—but I forgot the dandelions. Jings! I was thinking of the roses which charm our winter weary noses; and of the buttercups and lilies which shoo away the dumps and willies. The dandelions I'd forgotten, and now they are a nuisance rotten. Each day my fran gives me a wigging because I hate the endless digging. "Go, do your bit," she says, uplifty, and make the place look neat and thrifty; our neighbors there, [illegible] And

The Jollier

The man who is wrong and admits it is a rare specimen, but the man who is right and admits he is wrong is—married.

Was this ever said to you: "You're no diff rent from any other man."

There isn't much love in a sensible love letter.

When a man discovers that he has had enough he also discovers that he has overestimated his capacity.

If it were possible to amputate one's conscience the surgeons would have to work overtime.

Conceited young ladies think the men are a covet-us lot.

girl that house cleaning is the most healthful form of exercise.

The man who goes with the crowd soon finds that the crowd will not go with him.

Some children seem to have a difficult task in bringing up their parents to the standard of today.

A man's mean streak is most likely to become visible in a case where money is involved.

Most of us have a few friends who are perfectly willing to overlook virtues and point out vices.

There is something wrong with the church member who has just enough religion to stand the strain on Sundays.

When a fellow undertakes to make a fool of himself there can be no doubt about his making a success of it.

Who remembers Noisy Bob LaFollette?

If Germany is sure of victory, why does the mark stop tobogganing only when peace talk is on?

EARLY PLANTING AID TO THE POTATO CROP

Abundant plant food and early planting figure largely in potato growing. A good clover sod where potatoes have not been grown for at least five years makes an ideal soil. Investigations conducted at the Ohio Experiment Station indicate the high value of manure reinforced with acid phosphate. From 12 to 16 tons of manure per acre may be spread on the clover sod and then 300 pounds of acid phosphate added as a surface dressing. If manure is scarce four or five tons per acre may be used ,and the quantity of acid phosphate increased.

The first two weeks in May are considered most suitable for planting potatoes in northern Ohio, while the last week in April may be satisfactory in the southern part. Yields have been [illegible] by a delay of a month in planting date. When potatoes are to be planted late, they should be sun-sprouted for a few weeks first so that they will start off vigorously when planted. This process consists in exposing the potatoes in single layers in patrial sunlight. Hardy, stubby, dark green sprouts develop that are scarcely injured by planting operations. Sprouts do not develop from all the eyes. For planting, the potatoes are cut one sprout to a piece.

Sun-sprouted seed planted June 30 yielded 4.3 bushels more than potatoes planted in the usual manner May 10. Cellar stock planted June 30 yielded 11.5 bushels less than the sun-sprouted seed.

SOYBEANS STAND FIRST IN ANNUAL CROPS OF HAY

Soybeans take first place among the annual midsummer forage crops used as emergency hay, according to specialists of the Ohio Experiment Station, who have tested various other crops, like millet and sorghum, in competition with soybeans for this purpose. Soybeans are planted early in June or even during the last of the month if early varieties are used.

Drilling in rows 28 to 32 inches apart at the rate of two to three pecks of beans per acre is recommended in view of the present high prices for seed. The crop may then be cultivated two or three times duirng the summer.

The Medium Green variety has yielded 5,492 pounds of hay per acre as an average of a five-year period at the Experiment Station, the highest average yield obtained. Ito San, Shingto and Ohio 9035 have all yielded more than 4,800 pounds per acre. Ebony is also considered satisfactory for hay.

The crop is cut for hay when the pods are well formed. Leaves are saved best if curing is done mainly in the hay cock.

BIRTH NOTE

A son was born Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Wells, on Walnut street.

Society

Call Bell 205; Citz. 550

Leaves Sunday.

Mrs. Robert Dumernuth, of South Fourth street, left Sunday for New Bedford where she will visit her sister, Mrs. David Allesmouse.

From Newark.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kirkpatrick, of Newark, are spending the week-end as the guests of Mrs. Martha Kirkpatrick, of Walnut street.

Returns to Camp.

Eber T. English, 134th Field Artillery, Battery C, returned to Camp Sheridan, Ala., Saturday noon after spending a week's furlough at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Josiah English, on South Tenth street.

Returned Home.

Mrs. George Irwin, of Poplar street, and Mrs. Charles Wilhelm, of Walnut street, will return to their homes Sunday evening after spending the week visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Slaughter, of Springfield. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Haymer, of Urbana, and Mr. and Mrs. Harley Wolfe, of Columbus. They attended the state assembly of the Rebecca lodge at Springfield.

Will Return to Camp.

Corp. Glenn Miller, 136th Machine Gun Battalion, Camp Sheridan, Ala., will leave for camp Sunday after spending a few days' furlough at the home of his mother, Mrs. Grant Bantum, of Warsaw.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICE

SORE THROAT or Tonsilitis—gargle with warm, salt water then apply—

"Keep a Little Body-Guard in Your Home"

VICK'S VAPORUB

25c—50c—$1.00

Returned from Columbus.

Mrs. C. A. Lamberson returned to her home on main street last evening after spending the past week with her daughter Mrs. J. L. Ayers in Columbus.

In Dresden.

Miss Margaret Gallagher, of Chestnut street, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Eichelberger at their home in Dresden. Miss Gallagher spent Saturday in Columbus.

From Columbus.

Miss Ethel Randles, of Columbus, is spending the week-end as the guest of friends in Coshocton. Miss Randles is employed at the City National bank, Columbus.

From Canton.

Russell Miller, who is employed in Canton, is spending Sunday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Miller, on Main street.

Junior Woman's Meeting.

The Junior Woman's club will meet Monday evening at the public library.

Woman's Club Meeting.

The Woman's club will meet Monday afternoon at 2:15 o'clock at the public library.

Historical Club Meeting.

The Historical club will meet Monday afternoon at two o'clock in the auditorium of the public library.

Farewell Party.

Mrs. William Cupp entertained with a farewell party Thursday evening at her home on South Sixth street, for Mrs. Josephine Hallesy who left Sunday for her new home in Wisconsin. Victrola music was enjoyed during the evening and at a late hour delicious refreshments were served to the following: Misses Erma DeCoursey, Ellen Hosfelt, Edith Malarkey, Ora Arnold, Ethel Wilden, Agnes Berton, Winifred Slate, Ethel Randles, Mrs. Hallesy and two children, Mrs. Cupp and Russell Cupp. Mrs. Cupp was assisted in serving by Ora Arnold and Russell Cupp.

Entertains at Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McAllister, of Conesville route one, entertained at dinner Thursday evening in honor of Sergt. Lester Marquand, who will leave Friday for Camp Pike, Arkansas. Covers were laid for the following guests: Mrs. Sarah Kinner, Mrs. Lester Marquand, Mrs. N. M. McAllister, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Marquand, Clarence and Hazel Marquand, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. McAllister and children, Pauline and Eugene; Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Ross and children, Katherine, Robert Francis and Bernice; Prof. Jesse Kinner, Mrs. E. E. Sprague, Mrs. C. R. Kinner and children, Kenneth and Lorna; Pumpie Heck, Mr. McNeal and Clarence and Hazel McAllister.

District Meeting.

Mrs. George Bordenkircher, of 630 South Lawn avenue, will be hostess at a meeting of District four of the Sacred Heart church, Wednesday evening.

Here From Columbus.

Miss Margaret Green, of Columbus, is spending the week-end with relatives in this city.

In Dresden.

Miss Agnes Griley, of North Ninth street, is spending Sunday as the guest of Miss Leila Lemert at her home in Dresden.

To Peoria.

Miss Jess Hendrickson, of North Sixth street, who for the last several months has been employed as stenographer at the American Art Works, has resigned her position and will return to her home in Peoria, Ill., May 24. She expects to resume her work here in the fall.

Home Monday.

William Hunt, who has been attending Washington and Jefferson college, Washington, Pa., during the last year, will return to his home on Chestnut street Monday.

From Akron.

Miss Emma Lillibridge and Miss Lillian Miller, of Akron, are spending the week end with friends in this city.

In Newark.

Mr. and Mrs. John Duffy, of South Sixth street, are visiting their daughter and son-in-law at their home in Newark.

May Days Are Filled With Eventful Doings Here

A Full Quota of Surprise Bargains Await Our Patrons

NEVER FOR AN INSTANT IN THIS STORE'S POLICY OF GIVING SPECIAL VALUES ALLOWED TO RELA.. WE WANT TO MAKE THIS A PLACE TO SHOP EVERY DAY. THIS WEEK'S VALUES IN SUITS, COATS AN.. DRESSES WILL BE IN THE NATURE OF A SURPRISE TO WOMEN WHO ARE LOOKING FOR SMART STYLES UN.. DER PRICED. COME IN, JUDGE FOR YOURSELF AS TO THEIR UNUSUAL MERIT.

Our Ever Exceptional Offering of Women's and Misses'

SUITS and COATS $19.75

These came to us in a special purchase. They are of the intensely practical type—models which may be successfully worn for two or more seasons.

The Suits are serges, poplins, worsteds and gabardines—blues, blacks, grays, pekins, etc.

The Coats are pleasing, practical models suitable for every semi-dress and general service of poplin, burella, serge, gabardine and wool velours.

Girls' Dainty White Dresses

For Confirmation or Graduation.

Superb assortments of beautiful little frocks of white batiste or voile in the newest short waist and bolero effect; sizes 6 to 16 years.

New "Billie Burke" Pajamas

of striped voile, striped batiste and fine crepe in white flesh and lavender; special $1.98.

Shetland Slip-on Sweaters

Very smart models in all the new shades, with contrasting collars; very special values at $5.

Girls' New School Dresses

Made of good quality ginghams in pretty plaids and checks; also many combination effects with contrasting trimmings; sizes 6 to 14 years; 98c to $5.

GOLDEN'S "The Womens Store"

Stops all shaker annoyance.

Opens only when inverted.

Closes automatically.

Prevents clogging.

Keeps contents clean and dry.

Sani-Dry-Shake FOR SALT and PEPPER

does away with adulterated, tasteless, high-priced salt. Avoids vexation and waste. Insures sanitation. Beautifies the table. Handsome stone engraved crystal glass cellar. Top of new costly Aero Metal. Won't corrode. Requires no polishing. Always bright, clean, ready for use.

A Useful, Practical Table Necessity

Don't serve another meal without the Sani-Dry-Shake twins—for salt and pepper.

We have the sale of this wonderful new shaker which we want you to see. A demonstration will convince you of its merit.

Moore & Meade

"What Moore & Meade Say Is So"

Cinderella Monday Only

MARGARITA FISCHER

IN A SELECT PICTURE GUARANTEED TO PLEASE

"ANN'S FINISH"

Tuesday-Wednesday Metro Days

EMMY WEHLEN in "The Shell Game"

Taken from the Saturday Evening Post Story "GOOD WILL AND ALMOND SHELLS."

THURSDAY ONLY—FOX PRESENTS GLADYS BROCKWELL IN "THE MORAL LAW"

FRIDAY-SATURDAY—CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG IN "MAGDA" Adapted from the famous play by the same name.

WILL ENTERTAIN THE C.E. UNION

The Park Ave. United Brethren church will entertain the East Ohio Christian Endeavor Union convention June 11, 12 and 13th. About 200 preachers and delegates are expected to be present. A street meeting is planned for the evening of the 12th with out of town speakers. The public is invited to attend the convention. Program will be announced later.

ALLIED LINE WILL NOT BE BROKEN--HAIG

LONDON, MAY 11.—The Germans will never break turn on the western front.

Prediction to this effect was voiced today by Field Marshal Haig in a special order lauding the efforts of British artillerymen in all stages of the Somme and Lys battles. The order read as follows:

"With less constant and loyal cooperation of both the field and heavy siege batteries, the great bravery and determination of our infantry scarcely would have availed to hold up the enemy's advance. The knowledge that each arm of our forces can rely upon the most wholehearted and self-sacrificing cooperation is the greatest possible assurance that all future attacks will be met and defeated."

WHEN TO USE SMILEAGE BOOKS

Since Smileage books were first put on sale in this city, there has been some question in regard to where they can be used. Liberty theatres, entrance to which is by coupons from Smileage books, are now being operated at the following camps: aviation camps at Waco, Texas., Beauregard, La., Bowie ,Tex., Ft. Caswell, N. C., Cody, New Mexico, Custer, Mich., Devens, Mass., Dix, N. J., Dodge, Iowa, Doniphan, Okla., Funston, Kan., Gordon, Ga., Grant, Ill., Greene, N. C., Hancock, Ga., Jackson, S. C., Johnston, Fla., Kearney ,Calif., Kelly Field, Tex., Lewis, Wash., Lee, Washington, Logan, Tex., McArthur, Tex., Meade, Md., Merritt, N. J., Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., Pike, Kan., Ft. Riley, Kan., Sevier, S. C., Shelby, Miss., Sheridan, Ala., Sherman, Ohio, Taylor, Ky., Travis, Texas, Upton, N. Y., Wadsworth, S. C., and Wheeler, Ga.

Among the attractions booked for the Liberty theatres are: Fair and Warmer, His Bridal Night, Maud Powell, Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch, Nothing But the Truth, The Only Girl, Turn to the Right and Very Good Eddie.

Tom Kirkpatrick, of Walnut [illegible]

Y.W. May Festival At Central High Tuesday

The annual May Festival of the Young Woman's Christian organization will be given Tuesday evening, May 14 at eight o'clock at Central High school auditorium. All members of the organization both active and associate are urged to be present and enjoy this program, one of the most delightful of the entire year.

The entertainment is to be given under the direction of Miss Marie Reuss with Miss Bernice Johnson as accompanist. The program is as follows:

Crowning of the May Queen

Chorus, Rest Thee on This Mossy Pillow.

Vocal solo ..... Louise Baughman

Quartet, "Bendemeer's Stream" ..... Emma Roth, Ruth Bolin, Grace Nicdou and Hazel Felton.

Piano solo ..... Eleanor Custer

Chorus, (a) "My Shadow," (b) "Moon"

Sextette, "The Gypsy Trail" ..... Helen Adams, Gladys Young, Edna Miller, Lena Roth, Hazel R. Felton, Helen Kucklich.

Vocal solo ..... Miss Swan

Reading ..... Dorothy Fredig

Violin solo ..... Lulu Olinger

Trio, (a) "Over the Ocean Blue," (b) "In the Time of Roses.... Helen Lee Bettley, Louise Baughman, Lena Roth.

Vocal solo ..... Nelle Parrish

Chorus ..... May Bells

DEATH SENTENCE IS PASSED UPON ANOTHER SAMMY

WASHINGTON, MAY 11.—The death sentence has been passed upon another member of the American expeditionary forces by a general court martial in France, it became known today. Beyond admitting this to be a fact, and that the records of the case had reached the war department officers in the judge advocate general's office would give no details as to the crime of the condemned person or the offense for which he was convicted. An officer who has seen the papers, said, however, that it was of a different character than those that have preceded it, one of which was for criminal assault, two for sleeping on post and two for disobedience of orders.

HUNS POISON INNOCENTS BY DAMNABLE RUSE

(International News Service)

LONDON, MAY 11. The latest diabolical device of the Germans against non-combatants has just been revealed here by the death o fa girl from poison. Charles Humpirey ,the father of the girl, testified before the coroner that his daughter met her death by licking a flap of a letter sent by her brother from a German prison camp.

"The flap was turned down when the letter arrived," said Humphrey "Elizabeth moistened it and at once became giddy."

A physician diagnosed the girl's death as having been caused by an irritant poison.

MAN IS FELLED BY A POOL CUE

A patient of the Mizer Sanitarium was hit on the head with a billiard cue in a local pool room Saturday evening by one of the patrons and sustained a deep gash. There was apparently no excuse for the assault as the victim simply told the man to quit arguing with another fellow and play pool.

Dr. F. M. Marshall was called to the sanitarium to dress the [illegible]

LYBARGER ATTENDS S. OF A.R. MEETING

Harry Lybarger, local attorney, spent Thursday in Columbus, attending the annual meeting of the Ohio Society of the Sons of the American Revolution held at the Chittenden hotel. The President General of the national organization was the chief guest at the meeting.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Benjamin F [illegible]

sical numbers on the program.

All the addresses were of a patriotic nature, and various phases of war work were discussed.

OHIO'S QUOTA IS 41,619 IN NEXT DRAFT

WASHINGTON, MAY 11. State quotas in the second draft of 800,000 men have been announced by Provost Marshal General Crowder. The draft will take 39.721 per cent of the total number of men in class 1 in each state. The whole number now in class 1 is 2,421,489. This number is expected to be materially increased, however, when the deferred classes have been combed thru for persons listed in them thru lax action by district boards. Ohio will furnish 41,619 men.

The provost marshal general, basing his calculation on the experience in recent levies, figures that approximately 564,548 men will be rejected in the next draft because of physical disqualifications.

The cancellation by the house yesterday of its amendment to the draft quota legislation which would have given credit for volunteers allowed the provost marshal general to go ahead with the plan announced today.

The day of the next draft has not yet been set. It will not be until the differences between the house and senate over the exemption of divinity and medical student have been threshed out.

WHEELING, W. VA., MAY 11.—Two workmen are dead and six are reported missing after an explosion at the nitro glycerine plant of the Louisville Coal company near here. Officials are confident that the missing men are safe and will be accounted for. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Silas Powers, of Warsaw, spent Saturday here on business.

DOUBLE BILL AT MYSTIC

The treat of the season is in st[illegible] for you this week at the Mystic wh[illegible] Zarrow's English Daisies will be s[illegible] in vaudeville along with a program [illegible] picture that can't be beat. Mr. Z[illegible]rrow called Manager Herbig over [illegible] telephone Saturday night about m[illegible] ing final arrangement and in the c[illegible]versation informed him that of [illegible] series of vaudeville shows the [illegible] playing Coshocton all this week is [illegible] feature company.

Just think of it—in connection w[illegible] the vaudeville the Mystic will p[illegible] sent a great Paramount feature, "[illegible] Countess Charming" with Julian [illegible]tinge the greatest female impers[illegible]tor in the world. Many actors tr[illegible] imitate Elting but that is as far [illegible] they go. No doubt most of the r[illegible]ers of this article have read just [illegible]cently articles in the leading m[illegible]zines concerning Elting, who is s[illegible] to possess more women's clothes [illegible]ned of more money than any act[illegible] in the country. Wednesday and Th[illegible]day the picture feature will be [illegible] Leach's "Auction Block," the story [illegible] where yet are all familiar.

PERSONALS

John Varnes, of Fresno route [illegible] spent Saturday in Coshocton.

Abner McCoy, of Coshocton rou[illegible] was here Saturday on business.

George Wright of Trinway, tra[illegible] was in the city yesterday.

Prescott S Gray, of Adams M[illegible] spent Saturday in this city.

H. Hughes of Mohawk, spent S[illegible]turday here on business.

Mrs. Joseph Stiver of Coshoc[illegible] route 4, shopped in this city Satur[illegible]

H. L. Stontz, west Lafayette wa[illegible] Coshocton yesterday on business.

Mrs. Earl Clark, of Warsaw, shop[illegible] here Saturday.

Mrs. J. E. Sandle, of West Lafaye[illegible] shopped in this city Saturday.

William Shertz, route 3, was in [illegible]shocton on business yesterday.

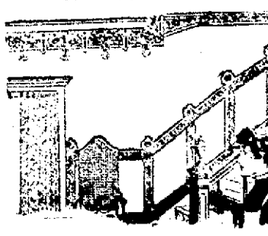
TOO LATE TO CLASSIF[illegible]

HORSE HIDE ROBE, lost [illegible] and dark brown in color. Fi[illegible] leave at Clark postoffice or notif[illegible] L. Duncan, Layland, Ohio.

It Makes a Difference

whether you have the right paper for your hall, living room, library or dining room. One would be out of place in the other. We have papers especially de[illegible]signed for certain rooms, and you may be sure they are correct. Con[illegible] your home [illegible]

Dunn



NewspaperARCHIVE.com

The Confessions of a German Deserter

Written by a Prussian Officer Who Participated in the Ravaging and Pillaging of Belgium

Copyright by Detroit Free Press.

CHAPTER IV.

The scene of the slaughter could now be surveyed at leisure. Dead and wounded were strewn all around, and over them clouds of smoke and flames made the air thick. But we were already too hardened to feel much pity. Humanity was thrown to the winds and the cries and begging of the wounded left everybody cold.

Some Catholic sisters lay dead in front of their convent. The only building that was spared in Donchery was the armory of the Twenty-third French dragoons.

There was not much time in which to do anything, for at seven o'clock the French began to hurl shells into the village. We fortified ourselves behind a thick garden wall directly in front of the Meuse. The river bank at this point was flat, but on the opposite side it was steep. Here the French infantry had dug itself in and established three lines, one above the other. The artillery firing was too far. We did not come within its range, so that we were able to observe the effect of the shelling of our own artillery on the enemy infantry positions before us. The 21-centimeter shells rared by above our heads and burst with a fearful noise in the enemy's trenches.

The French could not resist this hail of shot very long. They soon abandoned all the heights on the river bank. They abandoned Sondan without a fight and it was left intact, which had not been the case with Donchery. Hardly a house had suffered.

When the bugles sounded in Donchery, it was discovered that our company had lost 38 men in battle. A position was taken behind the dragoon armory and our company, which now was reduced to 90 men, was ordered to attempt the building of a pontoon bridge over the Meuse. After we had been re-enforced by 80 men, we marched in small detachments in order not to draw the enemy's attention to us. After an hour's march we stopped in a small forest about 200 meters from the Meuse to rest until darkness set in. At twilight a division bridge train was driven up close to our hiding place. This was soon followed by a corps bridge train as a reserve. After all preparations were made and the main advance work, such as setting up the bridge stays and landing platforms, were ready, the single pontoon wagons drove up. They were speedily but silently unloaded. We completed four pontoons, that is, 20 meters of bridge, without the enemy discovering anything.

Then suddenly the searchlight of the enemy was set in action and scanned the river. We dropped to the ground at once. The enemy may have seen us, for the searchlights played here and there and kept our bridge position under continuous glare. We were discovered hardly before we knew what had happened, and a rain of fire fell in the water in front of [illegible] ground as four more shots struck the water, this time a little nearer to the bridge and one shot hit the bank. A once a third rain of shot followed and two struck the bridge. Two men fell in the water and two lay dead on the bridge. Those in the water swam ashore and escaped none the worse for their experience except for a bath.

In spite of the continued volume of artillery fire, we brought the two dead men to land. The bridge was too greatly damaged and there was no choice except to replace the damaged pontoons by new ones. We began this difficult task as soon as the artillery fire let up. Hardly had we begun it again when a salvo struck and greatly damaged the bridge. Fortunately we had no losses. We were now ordered to retire, and after a half hour began anew. The enemy's searchlights were now dark. We brought about ten pontoons up without interference and then we were suddenly bombarded again. We had attracted the attention of the enemy's patrol.

Several batteries now opened fire on us at one time and after ten minutes the entire work was only a pile of wreckage. Two more men were killed. The order now came to retire. Eight men were detailed to attend to the dead and wounded and we were taken out of this danger zone. After we marched about two kilometers up the river, we were halted, and discovered that the corps bridge train was in place. We were told that we would get the bridge ready on land. Sections consisting of two pontoons each were firmly fastened together, equipped with anchors, everything else made ready and then put in the water. The location for the bridge was indicated to us and we rode with all our might down to the bridge position. The enemy did not see through these tactics and did not interfere, so that all the parts reached the position in a very short time, where they were fastened together. In less than twenty minutes the bridge was completed and the infantry stormed over it.

The bridge was covered with straw in order to dull the noise of the troop movements. At the same time, at different places, transports with pontoons were assisting the army to cross and before the French found out what had happened our troops had occupied the opposite bank and established themselves firmly there.

The French artillery and infantry now opened a terrible fire on the pontoons. Our units, which had defended the pontoons, were relieved and replaced by infantry. I was made a leader in the pontoon and with four men at the paddle and 18 infantrymen as a crew, we started our first crossing in a veritable hail of shell, but with only one minor casualty, we reached the opposite bank. A comrade took my place at the steering gear. On the return trip, our pontoon was struck by bullets but fortunately above the water line. All about us the pontoons crossed, several in a sinking condition. The men who manned them, all of whom could swim, tried to swim to the bank, but many infantrymen were drowned.

We landed and took a new pontoon, which, by a signal man effort, we managed to get across the river a second time. This time we arrived with two dead and one wounded infantryman. Long before we reached the bank the infantrymen jumped into the shallow water and waded to land.

With the two dead left in the boat, we turned around. Our crew relied as a result of the corpses rowing and then he was well covered by bullets [illegible] we had to row on. There was no rest.

We [illegible] men than the [illegible] boat was but below the [illegible] bullets. When [illegible] boat by [illegible] made on's [illegible] but as [illegible] as large as a plate. As a result our pontoon settled rapidly and there was nothing else for us to do except to jump into the icy water and swim. Hardly had we left the boat when it sank, but we all reached the other bank safe for the moment.

In spite of our wet clothing we had to take a new boat at once, and with our blistered hands had to man the oars again. In the middle of the river we collided with another boat. This boat had lost its pilot and two rowers. It rammed us and our pontoon tipped over and 18 infantrymen and one member of the crew were thrown into the water. We were saved along with four men from the other pontoon and taken to the left bank. Hardly had we landed before we were ordered to take over a pontoon loaded with ammunition.

About five more times we crossed the Meuse. Meanwhile day broke [illegible] a terrible battle developed [illegible] the troops which had crossed [illegible] French. The Germans had the [illegible] his encounter because they could not be shelled by the French artillery.

We were given a short rest and lay in our water soaked clothing in an old abandoned trench shivering with cold. Our hands were swollen to twice their normal size. They pained so greatly that we could not hold a bottle to our lips. It was a terrible sight to see young and strong men lying on the ground helpless and broken.

After a short rest we were ordered to seek for wounded in the burning houses but we did not find many, for most of those who had been badly wounded and unable to save themselves, were burned to death. Only the buttons of their uniforms and their weapons indicated to us to which side they had belonged.

In some cases, there were not even these vestiges. Only a little heap of ashes within the ruins of a house, was all that was left of whole families for whole streets. During the search most of us behaved as if we had not taken part in the terrible events of the last hour, as if we had not seen the horrors of this encounter and as if we had forgotten entirely the danger we had just escaped.

As to honoring the dead, something which had been taught us by our mothers from infancy, or a fear which the average person feels toward a body, there was no sign. My pen would balk if I tried to recall the expressions, to describe the acts soldiers as well as officers committed to determine the nationality or sex of the dead. In the meantime, the battle between our troops and the French had reached a climax. Our troops had suffered great losses but now our turn came.

The German artillery shelled as we crossed the enemy's position with great fury. Our artillery succeeded in silencing the enemy's batteries and we tried to take his high positions by storm.

When we were within 200 meters of the enemy's defenses, the French machine guns were turned upon us and we were driven back with enormous losses.

Ten minutes later, we stormed a second time and had to retire again with great losses. We again formed for attack within the shelter of our trenches, but the fighting spirit was gone. But we dared not lose courage, although the victims of our useless storming attacks covered the field and we were able to look at our dead comrades all about us.

The artillery started up again; reenforcements arrived; after half an hour, we stormed a third time, over the bodies of our fallen comrades. As we halted about 20 meters from the enemy's trench, he withdrew his entire first line. Soon after we saw the Germans advance along the whole line. The reason for this unexpected retreat was explained later when we learned that the main part of the French army had retired some time before. The heavy toll of life among our comrades was taken in a mere rear guard action.

During the next hour the enemy abandoned all the heights of the Meuse. As we reached the crest of these heights, we could easily overlook the roads over which the French had retreated. They were departing in close formation, in long columns. Our company and others received orders to assemble and soon we pursued the fleeing enemy. It was our work to repair roads which had been destroyed so that they would be passable for our armies, a task that was harder in the burning midday sun, owing to the fact that the dead and wounded had first to be disposed of.

The dead bodies were seized by two men, one at the head and the other at the feet, and thrown into the ditch. Corpses were handled exactly as was a board to be used in building a bridge. Legs and arms were tossed likewise into the ditch. Dead horses and damaged batteries had to be removed. We [illegible] horses. We managed to capture a horse which was running wild and hitched him to the carcasses. Corpses hanging in the trees were left there. No one cared anything about them.

Canteens and knapsacks of the dead were searched for food and drink and whatever we found was eaten with the greatest relish.

French soldiers who had died of sunstroke covered the road. Others crawled to right and left of the road and waited there for relief or death. We did not dare to help them. The order was to advance and we had to march on and on. The captain told us we had to pursue the fleeing enemy with all our strength and much discontent was manifest on receipt of this order.

After being on our feet day and night and fighting like barbarians, taking half [illegible]

Select Your Corset

As you choose your gown, for its graceful, fashionable lines. You make your choice doubly safe and certain of lasting satisfaction when you select

AMERICAN LADY CORSETS

We have a big stock at prices from $1.25 to $3.00.

Gem

THE WOMEN'S STORE

MODERN HOUSE-CLEANING

Rugs and Carpets Cleaned by Compressed Air. No Beating

No drudgery beating rugs and carpets. No unhealthful breathing of disease germs and dust that have accumulated during the winter.

Phone us and we will return them to you bright and clean without a particle of dust.

The Week End War Situation

(By Frank Cheriton)
(International News Service)

When Von Hindenburg renews his long deferred offensive on the western front it is not improbable that the Americans who are fighting with the French on the Picardy battle line will have to bear the brunt of heavy infantry thrusts.

All reports, both official and unofficial, dwell upon the fury of the cannonades along the Picardy fighting front.

General Pershing's seasoned veterans, who are fighting in Picardy, hold part of the line southeast of Amiens occupying a sector that saw tremendous German assaults during the early days of the drive when the Germans were trying to break thru the Amiens by splitting the junction of the British and French armies between Mont Didier and the Somme river.

The Americans are just southeast of Mont Didier at a point where the German salient bends sharply eastward.

The Germans are holding strong reserve forces north and south of the Somme river and it is generally agreed by European military experts that the German high command will assault the allied lines defending Amiens, as well as striking to the north on the Flanders' front.

There have been only minor operations on the Flanders' front during the last twenty four hours but they terminated to the advantage of the allies.

The French attacked northeast of Locre and extended their lines, while British forces threw back a group of Germans that were trying to penetrate the British lines east of Ypres.

The continued improvement of the allied positions around Locre boded ill for the Germans when Hindenburg resumes his attempts to break the Franco-British grip upon the line of hills in that sector. Locre, which lies about six miles southwest of Ypres, just inside of the Belgian frontier is south of Mont Rouge, and just west of Kemmel Hill. Since it was captured by the French the French have been striking a series of small but persistent blows against the Germans driving the Germans from strategic high ground they had occupied.

The Locre-LaClytte-Voormezeele was the scene of gigantic defeat administered to the Germans about three weeks ago.

The allies now have complete domination of the air in both battle zones. The number of German airplanes shot down has been averaging forty-five a day.

Since the German offensive opened on March 21 it is estimated that about 1,000 German aircraft have been destroyed by allied airmen.

Letters from the BOYS

The following letter has been received by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Walker on Orchard street from their son Fred who is at Vancouver, Wash..

Dear Father and Mother:

I thot I would write you a few lines to let you know that I am alright and hope you are the same.

This is Saturday evening. I think I will go to town tonight. I went to the ball game this afternoon. They sure do work us now. I am expecting to be sent out to the woods any time now.

I wish I were in Coshocton now. How are you getting along? I wrote a card to aunt Anna but have not received any answer yet. I would like to know how everyone is.

There is to be a big time at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow after church. Some people from Portland, Oregon, are coming for us in their cars to take us to church. It is about nine miles to Portland.

The boys are waiting for me to go with them to the city so will close for this time.

Love to all.

FRED,
Vancouver, Wash.

Two Airmen Burned With Fallen Plane

(International News Service)

MOBILE, ALA., MAY 11.—Chief Quartermaster Richard C. McCalla, a student aviator, was burned to death and Geo. T. Henderson, chief quartermaster and student aviator, was badly but not mortally burned when an aeroplane fell on Santa Rosa Island this morning.

McCalla is from Toledo, Ohio, and Henderson from Pawtucket, R. I.

Whether the airship caught fire before it struck the ground has not been determined. Henderson was suffering so that he was unable to make a statement.

FERTILIZER BEST WHEN USED OVER ALL LAND

[illegible] costs feed in a wide [illegible] hill and because such [illegible] can make better use of the [illegible] Ohio Experiment Station [illegible] fertilization of all the [illegible] rather than the seed, and a [illegible] part in the rows. The [illegible] act off more quickly if [illegible] in the rows but they do not tend to spread out [illegible] hill as when the plant [illegible] over the entire surface.

[illegible] restrict [illegible] their feed [illegible] that a about the hill may [illegible] of moisture. [illegible] Growth is more steady [illegible] when the [illegible] that [illegible] feeding [illegible] of the fertilizer added to [illegible] one percent of the total [illegible] the increased crop due to [illegible] realized in the hilled [illegible] forty-nine percent in the [illegible] of the location of test [illegible] the Experiment Station [illegible] Sixty percent of the [illegible] total increase from fertilizer [illegible] realized in the crop [illegible] fertilizer and forty per[illegible] crops following at with[illegible] fertilizer [illegible] grains, like oats or wheat, [illegible] corn unless the fertilizer [illegible] is distributed over the entire [illegible]. Hill fertilization for corn is evidenced by spots of larger growth or the small grain or grass the next year.

Clover reduces the cost of crop production [illegible] proper [illegible]

Berlin Press Speaks Of A Gov't. Crisis

AMSTERDAM, MAY 11.—Berlin newspapers are now discussing the possibility of a government crisis as a result of the Catholic-Centrist efforts to split the majority bloc on the question of Chancellor Von Hertling's eastern policy. Mathias Erzberger is leading the new Centrist opposition.

SUGGESTS COMPOUND TO BE SUBSTITUTED FOR LEAD ARSENATE

Calcium arsenate is suggested by entomologists at the Ohio Experiment Station as a trial substitute for arsenate of lead in spraying fruit trees, as it has been used with little if any more injury and costs much less than the lead compound at present market prices.

Experiments have shown calcium arsenate to be nearly equal to lead arsenate in poisoning action, although it has caused some foliage burning on stone fruits. It may be used in combination with such spray mixtures as Bordeaux and lime-sulphur.

Prices for calcium arsenate vary 10 cents a pound less than those for lead arsenate, 30 to 40 cents a pound or about half arsenate. Moreover, less of the calcium compound is used in the spray mixture, and thus the economy in its use is twofold.

PLANTING HINTS THAT RAISE YIELDS OF CORN

Drilled corn has yielded more than that planted in hills when the same amount of seed was used per acre in tests conducted by the Ohio Experiment Station. For hill planting three kernels per hill has been the most satisfactory rate.

An increased yield of three bushels per acre was harvested in favor of drilled corn. Machine cutting is easier if corn is drilled, but for harvesting by hand the hill method is preferred by most farmers. Cultivation is easier by the latter plan.

Four and five kernels per hill have given slightly larger acre-yields than a three-kernel rate, but the grain is inferior in quality from such thick planting on most soils. With a scarcity of seed corn, such as exists this year the planting of three kernels in hills 36 inches apart or the drilling of the kernels 12 inches apart is to be recommended to Ohio farmers. Spacing plants 10 inches apart in the row has been found best for silage corn; for, while the yield has been less than planting [illegible] part in the [illegible]

Dr. C. C. Weist Will Visit Coshocton Park Hotel, Monday, May 13, 10 a.m. to 8 p. m. One Day Only

C. C. WEIST, M. D.

Dr. Weist's home office is 312 East 18th Avenue, Columbus, O.

If your disease is chronic, consult Dr. Weist. Special attention is given to diseases of the head, nose, throat, stomach, liver, bowels, as indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, diarrhoea, blood, heart, skin, rheumatism, eczema, pimples, scrofula, bad blood, nerves, spine neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, despondency.

Diseases peculiar to women. My home treatment for women can be used at home without delay from work, for such troubles that thousands of women are sufferers.

Diseases of men. Dr. Weist wants to have a talk with every man that is suffering with a nervous breakdown, discouraged, or disease of a private nature. Why not consult Dr. Weist? He has made regular monthly visits to this community for years.

DRIVER DROWNS WHEN CAR UPSETS IN DEEP DITCH

(International News Service)

TOLEDO, O., MAY 11.—Harry Kreiger, chauffeur for the Wormen Motor Car Company here, was drowned today near Genoa, when his automobile turned over into a ditch filled with water by recent rains. In rolling over with the machine, Kreiger's body was wedged against an electric button which sounded the horn. The constant sounding of the horn attracted the attention of farmers living nearby and they hurried to the scene to ascertain the cause of the noise and discovered the chauffeur's body pinned under the machine with his head under water.

SCALY LEG OF FOWLS OFTEN CAUSES LOSSES

Scaly leg of poultry is a common and well-known affection of chickens that sometimes causes affected birds to become worthless. It is caused by an extremely small mite that works in and under the crusts that form on the legs. Caraway or sulphur ointment will kill the pests.

Scales form at the point of invasion of the insect and under them the skin is irritated and bloody. Badly affected birds walks with difficulty and may even lose a foot; later they become thin, lose their appetites and prove worthless.

The disease is slowly contagious, and for this reason a quarantine pen is desirable on the farm so that purchased fowls may be treated for parasites and watched for any contagious or infectious disease.

To treat scaly leg the feet and legs of affected fowls are held in warm water for several minutes, so that the crusts are softened and can be removed. A mite killer is then applied to the dry diseased surface. The Ohio Experiment Station recommends the following mixtures: (1) oil of caraway mixed in four times as much lard or vaseline, and (2) flowers of sulphur one dram, carbonate of potash, 20 drams; and lard or vaseline, half an ounce.

Some poultrymen have used a mixture of one part of kerosene and two parts of raw linseed oil with speedy effect. The legs of the affected fowls are dipped in this mixture, care being taken that the feathers are not wet.

HOW TO RID SHEEP OF STOMACH WORMS

Drenching sheep with a solution of copper sulphate is considered by animal husbandmen at the Ohio Agricultural Experiment Station one of the most satisfactory methods to rid the animals of stomach worms and tapeworms. The sheep are treated before being turned out to pasture in the spring and at any time during the summer when symptoms of attack by these parasites are in evidence.

Two fluid ounces of a solution made by dissolving an ounce avoirdupois of copper sulphate (blue vitriol) in two quarts of water is sufficient for a yearling, while a two-year-old needs three fluid ounces. A long-necked bottle or a rubber tube and funnel may be used to give the dose.

Most effective results follow if the sheep are fasted for a day before and after treatment. If any sheep shows it has been given an overdose, a teaspoonful of laudanum in a tumblerful of milk should be administered.

Digestive disturbances, loss of flesh, and general weakness, together with paleness around the mouth and eyes and development of swellings under the lower jaw indicate the presence of worms. Lambs are most seriously affected.

Accuracy in measurements and care in administration of the dose are emphasized by the Experiment Station as important in preventing any losses in the sheep. When the solution is made only slightly stronger than an ounce [illegible] of water.

INSPECTOR TELLS WHY CITY BONDS SELL SO POORLY

(International News Service)

COLUMBUS, O., MAY 11.—"The war and present financial conditions do not have nearly as much to do with the difficulty experienced by Ohio municipalities in selling their bonds as the conditions which exist because public officers, past and present, have failed to properly perform their duties and make proper provision for the bonded debt," says a statement issued today by Moses Bleau, of Cincinnati, an examiner in the state bureau of public accounting.

"Indiscreet freedom of bond issues in the past and failure to properly provide for payment, has done more to produce financial trouble in municipalities than any other cause," said Bleau. "The best medicine for sick finances will be strict adherence to the laws."

NO PRACTICAL MEANS TO KILL CLOVER PEST

Leaf Weevil Has Enemy in Fungous Disease—Spraying Helps

No practical remedy is known to control the weevils that eat out small, round holes and patches in the leaves of clover in early spring, declare the entomologists of the Ohio Experiment Station who have studied various methods to check the ravages of this insect. Spraying in the fall may be practical if the pests are unusually numerous, but natural means of control are usually the only check needed on the insects.

A double-gang pulverizer, or cultipacker, weighing 1,100 pounds proved useless in crushing the insects when it was run over the infested clover fields. The experimenters could not find a single larva crushed by the machine.

Spraying in the fall, after the hay has been removed, should prove both effective and safe if livestock is not pastured in the field. An arsenical poison, such as Paris Green or asenite of soda, would seem best suited for such use.

The clover leaf weevil is prey to many predaceous beetles, birds and barnyard fowls. The most effective natural control is a fungous disease that usually destroys most of the weevils. Without this check the clover leaf weevil would likely be the most serious enemy of this legume.

BANK STATEMENT

(International News Service)

NEW YORK, N. Y., MAY 11.—(Bank Statement)—Average:

Loans, increased, $17,015,000.
Demand deposits, decreased, $41,359,000.
Time deposits, decreased, $4,349,000.
Reserve, decreased, $16,327,000.
Actual—Loans, increased, $947,949,100.
Demand deposits, decreased, $144,313,000.
Time deposits, decreased $4,873,000.
Reserve, increased, $65,608,150.

DRINK HABIT

RELIABLE HOME TREATMENT

Thousands of wives, mothers and sisters are enthusiastic in their praise of Orrine, because it has relieved their loved ones of the "Drink Habit" Can be given secretly. Guaranteed.

Orrine No. 1, secret treatment; Orrine No. 2, voluntary treatment. Costs only $1.0[illegible] a box. Ask for booklet.

Read for Profit CLASS ADS Use for Results

THE COSHOCTON TRIBUNE and Times-Age

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

CLASSIFIED RATES
Cash with Order.

Minimum charge 25 cents for maximum number of 25 words.

Three times (25 words or less) 25c (Additional words 1 cent each)

Six times (25 words or less)...50c (Additional words 2 cents each)

PHONE YOUR WANT ADS TO
Citizens—B-234.
Bell—143.

LOST AND FOUND

POCKET BOOK, containing small amount of change found. Inquire at Tribune office.

SCOTCH COLLIE DOG, found—Owner please call for same. Tankersley, American Art Works.

MONEY, lost—One ten and one five dollar bill. Reward for return to the Tribune office

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WOMEN, wanted—Full time salary $24 selling guaranteed hosiery to wearer 50c an hour spare time. Big Spring business. Experience unnecessary. Guaranteed Mills, Norristown, Pa.

WOMEN wanted full time salary $24. Spare time 50c an hour, selling guaranteed hosiery to wearer. Permanent. Experience unnecessary. International Mills Norristown, Pa.

COUNTRY SCHOOL girl, wanted to assist in housework and care of children .Also Brown Reed baby buggy for sale. Price $8.00. Call 331 Mulberry St. Citz. phone C-540.

WANTED—A good girl for general house work. Must be a good cook. Good wages. Address Mrs. N. H. Carpenter, Cambridge Road, Coshocton, Bell phone 925.

GIRL WANTED—Capable for work at the Country Club. Inquire of Mrs. Gamble, Matron at Country Club.

MALE HELP WANTED

MEN, BOYS AND GIRLS WANTED — Apply to Chas. Carpenter, Superintendent Standard plant of American Art Works.

WANTED AT ONCE—Boy to work in Tribune Composing room. Apply at Office after 7 o'clock.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

ONE THREE PASSENGER roadster, for sale—Electric lights and starter. In A 1 condition. Phone 662-A, 615 S. 7th St. Cochran Monument works.

20 TONS OF PURE timothy hay, for sale;Also some mixed hay. Haul it yourself and save money. Jacob McQueen, Baltic, O.

MIXED HAY for sale—Also 18 head of sheep Inquire of S. A. Norris, Coshocton Route 1. Bell phone 112-5-R.

SOY BEANS for hay $3 to $5 per bu; all home grown seed; plenty inoculator and dahlia roots on hand. Better get your soy beans now. Jacob McQueen, Baltic, O.

15 OR 20 LOADS good dirt, for sale—Attorney Levi Williams.

OFFICE SAFE, for sale—Call Citizen phone 196.

2 IRON BEDS, springs and mattresses, chiffonier and wash stand with mirror for sale; only used 3 weeks. Call Citizens phone B-517.

PLANTS, for sale—Tomato plants, potted and seedlings, cabbage, sweet pepper, egg plant, cauliflower, celery, sweet potatoes, red cabbage, endives, beets, chives and parsley. "The beauty of our business is flowers" Andrew Kiefer, florist.

$750 DUNBAR POPCORN and peanut wagon for sale at Coshocton; fine condition, steam engine, electric lights, rubber tires. Season just starting—bargain if sold at once. William Rowson, 2104 Sdiney St., S. S., Pittsburg, Pa.

EGG PLANT for sale—Strong plants 15c a dozen. They are a good substitute for meat. Should be grown in every garden The Kiefer Green House.

CABBAGE AND TOMATO plant for sale—Best varieties, two dozen 25c. Sweet potato mango and celery plants in season. Inquire Harry Keagy, cor. S. Sixth St. and Brown Lane.

WAR DEPARTMENT ASKS CONTROL OF WATER POWER

WASHINGTON, MAY 11—A bill giving the war department authority over all water power sites along the boundaries of the United States was introduced in the senate this afternoon by Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska.

L. E. Judd, of Columbus is spending the week-end in this city.

SPECIAL NOTICES

TWENTY TEAMS, wanted at 75 cents an hour. Also ten men for long job Coshocton Construction company.

FALSE REPORT

The impression seems to be out that I have disposed of my business. I wish to notify the public that I am still in business at my old stand at Clark, Ohio with a full line of undertaking supplies and furniture. I am also in position to furnish an auto hearse to any who desire same.

HENRY RANDLES,
Clark, Ohio.

COUNTRY STORE FOR SALE

On account of owner going to war next week. A fresh, live stock in a thrifty community. A rare opportunity. Expect to make a sale of this within three days
McCONNELL & KARR, Agts.

You winked at our Tin Lizzie,
With National Filler and habits rare;
You had another wink a coming tho,
For you winked out on air.
A. GONDER, Cooperdale, O.

WANTED to trade a 5 room house in Columbus Centrally located, good neighborhood for Coshocton property or a small farm. Citz phone 418-B.

SPECIAL NOTICE

100 pairs fine white stock bicycle tires—$5 and $6.25 stock at $2.75-$3.50 special. Fine new stock, satisfaction guaranteed. Fred Dexter, 130 Hickory St.

WANTED TO RENT—Modern 7 or 8 room house. Central location preferred. Address Box 154, Coshocton, Ohio.

CHANGE OF LOCATION

The Burns Optical Co., which has been located on South 4th St. for the past 7 years, is removing to the 2nd floor of the Rogers building (over Metzler & Robertson's) Co., Sixth and Main.

HELP—Help your country. Thousands clerks wanted at Washington, immediately. Men, women, 18 or over. $100 month. 7-hour day. Easy clerical work. Common education sufficient. Help your country and live in Washington during these stirring war times. Write immediately for free list positions open. Franklin Institute, Dep't 347-E, Rochester, N. Y.

ATTENTION HORSEMEN—The black Percheron Stallion, Jacquard, 88176, weighs over a ton, sure foal getter, will make season of 1918 at owner's barn, White Eyes township, Fresno Route 2. Bell phone 7 rings on 112. Terms, $15 to insure. J. J. Bowen.

DAY AND NIGHT TAXI SERVICE — Two closed cars. All calls answered promptly. Country trips reasonable. Bell phone 210, Citz. phone 547. McConnell Motor Car Co., Third St. Garage, Coshocton, O.

ROOM AND BOARDING

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms in Balch Block 614½ Main street, for rent. Call Citizen phone 104-A.

THREE FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, for rent—Ground floor, private entrance, garden All modern conveniences Call at 1251 E. Vine St. off Cambridge Road.

HOUSES FOR RENT

WEST LOCUST ST., 4 room house, for rent - Call at 225 N. 3rd St., after 5:00 o'clock.

WANTED TO BUY

WANTED to buy good fat butcher cattle. Highest market price paid. George H. Gutting, Meat Market. Both phones 488.

WANTED to buy second hand roadster car Address P. O. Box 1, Roscoe, Ohio

Without Military Honors

The Sunday school teacher had read the 73d Psalm. "What do you think," she asked a little boy "the words mean, 'I saw the prosperity of the wicked. For there are no bands in their death.'" The boy paused and then replied, "Why, teacher, it means that wicked men mustn't have military funerals"

The Observant Recontour.

Congleby—"When I am telling a man a story I stop short if I see a peculiar gleam in his eye." Minnas—"Does it mean that he has heard it before?" Congleby—"No, it means that he is not listening, because he is thinking of the one he intends to tell me!"

Optimistic Thought.

Those who lose today may win tomorrow.

G. W. Smalles, of Coshocton route 2, was in this city Saturday.

AUTOMOBILES AND ACCESSORIES

AUTO TIRE REPAIR SHOP
Double Tread Puncture Proof Tires —we make them for your from your old ones. Don't throw away your worn tires or sell them for junk.
Brings us two tires, one rim-cut and one tread-worn, and we will rebuild and sew them into one tire that will be good for thousands of miles at a trifling cost.
All kinds of Tire Vulcanizing done.
WARNER HAY, Prop.
Second Door from Post Office

POULTRY AND PET STOCK

JERSEY COW, for sale Fresh in few days. Inquire of Mrs. J. J. Mitchell, Fresno Rt. 2.

IF YOU want size and laying qualities in White Leghorns, we have the eggs. Glenn E. Smith, Citz phone 771-B H. B. Smith, Citz. 377-C, McClain Ave.

S. C. WHITE Leghorn baby chicks; hatching eggs and one year old hens for sale Arthur Caulier, 670 Wilson Ave.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS

We have received a carload of wire fence on track at Warsaw.
Wright & Darling

Poultry Fence Special
This week only—31 line wires with cross wires 4 in. apart, 84 in. high. Mfg. by American St. & W. Co. for 75c rd. 10 rd. rolls only.
BUTLER'S GROCERY
Cooperdale, Ohio.

For
Hemstitching
Embroidery Supplies
Yarns
Crochet Cottons
Go to
The Artcraft Store
SELBY BUILDING

Have Your Eyes Examined Every Two Years.
By doing this and changing the lenses of your glasses, if examination proves it necessary, you will experience sight satisfaction to a ripe old age.
OTIS G. MORSE
OPTOMETRIST & OPTICIAN
COSHOCTON, OHIO
Citizen's Phone No. 836-A

Just Received
A car of Peerless Wire Fencing, Farm Gates, Garden and Poultry Fence, Lawn Fence and Barb Wire. Call us on the Citizens phone and get our prices. They are right.
Butler & Huff
COOPERDALE, O.

Mrs. J. J. Mitchell, of Fresno route 2, shopped in this city Saturday

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Siegrist, of this city, are spending Sunday in Newcomerstown.

Miss Mary Biggs, of Conesville, was in this city Saturday.

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

S. FIFTH STREET—Exceptionally well built modern brick dwelling for sale; large lot Elegant home and priced right. Gayle & Co Insurance.

SEVEN ROOM HOUSE, for sale—All modern improvements. Call Bell phone 4, or call at 129 N. 12th street, between Chestnut and E. Main street.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

ON SECOND STREET Beatenmiller property Contains six rooms, barn, out buildings, lots of fruit Very large lot To close estate at once, will sell cheap

GOOD HOME, elegant lot, only two squares from Main on Locust street [illegible] and you'll like it

ON SOUTH SEVENTH, two good houses nearly modern large lots, fruit, one of them vacant now. Possession most any time

6 ROOM DWELLING, modern except furnace. Fine lot Now chance to make good investment on price Close in on Orchard.
McCONNELL & KARR, Agts

FARM LANDS FOR SALE

THE FARM of Daniel P. Miller, late of Lafayette Township, Coshocton County ,Ohio containing about eighty one (81) acres and lying close to the village of West Lafayette, O., is for sale by me under the power given to me by the last will of said D. P. Miller. For price and terms of sale, call upon or write to J. M. Vance, West Lafayette, Ohio.

LANDS FOR SALE

VIRGIN FLORIDA LAND—Five thousand acre tract, 15 miles from Jacksonville, five from county seat, three from shipping station on two railroads. Surrounded by cultivated farms, adjoins sixty thousand acre ranch of Southern Cattle Feeding Co. Green pastures thruout year, soil wonderfully fertile Ideal location for company of neighbors and friends Tract offered as a whole at $18 per acre; sections at $20; smaller farms at $25. You can make money and benefit your country by producing foodstuffs here Full particulars free L. H. Partridge, Watertown, Fla.

APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR WITH WILL ANNEXED

Estate of Mary Ont, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Haverick has been appointed and qualified as Adm. with will annexed of the estate of Mary Ont, deceased, late of Coshocton County Ohio. May 4th, 1918.

MILO C. ELY,
Probate Judge

May 5, 12, 19

Appointment Of Administrator

Estate of Charles M. Bible, deceased

Notice is hereby given that H. L. Miller has been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of Charles M. Bible, deceased, late of Coshocton County, Ohio. May 3rd, 1918.

MILO C. ELY,
Probate Judge.

May 5, 12, 19

NOTICE

The Board of Deputy State Supervision of Elections for Coshocton County, Ohio, will meet at their office in the Selby building, in Coshocton, Ohio, at one o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, May 21st, 1918, for the purpose of receiving bids for the printing of the ballots to be used in the Primary Election to be held on August 13th, 1918.

Each bidder will be required to furnish a bond for the faithful performance of the terms of the contract, in a sum equal to twice the amount of the bid.

Also at the same time and place, bids will be received for the furnishing of the Poll Books, Tally Sheets and other necessary supplies to be used at the Primary Election.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved to the board.

The Deputy State Supervisors of Elections.

JOHN CALLAHAN, Chief Deputy.
O. HERSHMAN, Clerk

May 12, 16, 20

NOTICE

The Deputy State Supervisors of Elections for Coshocton County, Ohio, will meet at their office in the Selby building, on Tuesday, May 21, 1918 at 1:00 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of receiving bids for the printing of ballots for the Special School Bond Election to be held in Franklin Township, Coshocton County, Ohio, on the 20th day of May, 1918.

Each bidder will be required to furnish a bond for the faithful performance of the contract in a sum equal to twice the amount of the bid

The Deputy State Supervisors of Election

JOHN CALLAHAN, Chief Deputy
O. HERSHMAN, Clerk

May 12, 16, 20

500 SKILLED AND 5,000 UNSKILLED MEN

We are offering steady employment to men between the ages of 18 and 45 on government work and regular commercial lines. Our factory operates 6 days per week on the eight hour shifts. While learning operations we pay you 35c per hour plus 10 per cent bonus on all wages for steady attendance computed in weekly periods. After learning the work, which takes from one to six weeks, you are able to earn from $3 to $5 per day and better.

Machinists, pipefitters, electricians, pattern makers, sheet metal workers and carpenters. Highest wages in this section of the country. Government work. No labor troubles. Eight hour and 10 per cent bonus for steady attendance.

We refund railroad fare of $10.00 and less in 30 days and $20.00 and less in 60 days. We have a Housing Department which will assist you in securing houses and rooms at lowest rates.

We also need a large number of girls, ages 21 to 35 for steady, profitable factory employment.

Applicants must pass a satisfactory physical examination.

Apply in person, or communicate with Factory Employment Office.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.
Akron, Ohio

BASEBALL

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Clubs	Won	Lost	Pct
New York	18	3	.857
Chicago	13	6	.684
Pittsburg	11	9	.550
Cincinnati	11	12	.478
Philadelphia	8	11	.421
Brooklyn	7	12	.368
St Louis	7	14	.333
Boston	6	14	.300

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Clubs	Won	Lost	Pct
Cleveland	12	9	.571
Boston	13	10	.565
New York	12	10	.545
Chicago	9	8	.529
Washington	10	11	.476
St Louis	9	11	.450
Detroit	7	10	.412
Philadelphia	8	12	.400

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Clubs	Won	Lost	Pct
Louisville	8	1	.889
Milwaukee	6	2	.750
Kansas City	5	3	.625
Indianapol.	5	4	.500
Columbus	1	9	.111
St Paul	3	6	.333
Minneapolis	3	6	.333
Toledo	2	8	.200

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League—
Boston 6, Chicago 1
New York 6 Pittsburg 2
Philadelphia St Louis Rain
Brooklyn Cincinnati Wet Ground

American League—
Cleveland 9, Washington 1
St. Louis 4, Boston 2.
Chicago 0, Philadelphia 4
Detroit 5, New York 6.

American Association—
Columbus 7, Indianapolis 4
Louisville 9, Toledo 0.
Minneapolis 4, Kansas City 0
St. Paul 6, Milwaukee 0

TODAY'S GAMES

National League—
Boston at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at St. Louis

American League—
Chicago at Cleveland.

American Association—
(No Games Scheduled)

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Harvey N. Lumm to Patrick B. McNichols, 50 A., Tuscarawas twp., $1

Elizabeth Ont Smith to S. N. Boden, 72 A. Monroe twp., $1.

Hattie M. Lumm, et al to Harvey N. Lumm, 50 A., Tuscarawas twp., $1

Clara Wentz, et al to Jacob Zinkon 75 A. Adams twp., $1.

Clara Wentz, guardian, to Jacob Zinkon, 75 A. Adams twp., $485.90.

T. H. Wheeler, trustee, to Howard L. Bible, lot 1806, Coshocton, $1.

A. T. Beall to Albert Madison, 26 A Lafayette twp., $1177

Winfield Scott et ux to Charles Brode, lot 2153, Coshocton, $800.

C. G. Burrier to Clayton Parkhill pt. lot 158, Coshocton, $1

Joseph W. Johnson to Seldon M. Cormick, pt. lot 17 and 17, Coshocton $1.

Lois M. Beebe to R. F. Timmons, pt lot 64, Coshocton, $1.

Daniel Sperk, et ux to Herman A. Kaser, 7 A., Jefferson twp., $1.

R. F. Frederick et ux to Herman A. Kaser, et ux 60 A., Jefferson twp., $1

Noah McClain et ux to Samuel J. Bell, lots 190, 125, and part of 124 West Lafayette $1

Joseph H. Snedeker, et ux to C. B. Gaines, 60 A., Bethlehem twp., $1

Lloyd S. Leech, guardian, to Citz. Telephone Co., lots 290-291 city, $8000

George Senft, et ux to Gust Pappas lots 2619-2620, Coshocton, $1.

William C. Chaney, et ux to Charles A. Clark, lot 1098, Coshocton, $1

Eli Eick et al to William P. Eick 92 A., Franklin twp., $1

W. M. CARR, Recorder

Almost Like Birds.

It is a little known fact that flying fish, encountered in the tropics, actually flap their wings the same as birds. It is commonly supposed that the fish merely volplane still after getting a good start with rapid swimming. The flapping of their wings, however is so easily seen that it can be detected with the naked eye. Also flying fish are delicious for the table.

Gave Timely Warning.

Vivian was playing in the lumber that had been piled in the backyard when her mother happened to see her. "Vivian," her mother said, "you mustn't play on that lumber; you are liable to get hurt." Vivian obeyed and was soon interested in something else until Billy came out. He, like boys had to climb up to the top of the lumber. Vivian said: "Billy, don't climb up on that lumber 'cause if you do you'll be wearin' crutches."

[illegible] Clark, Pleasant route 2, logged in Coshocton yesterday

Latest Markets

LIVE STOCK MARKETS

CLEVELAND

CLEVELAND, O., MAY 11. CATTLE- Receipts 100 head; market steady unchanged.

Choice fat steers	$13.50@15.50
Good to choice butcher steers	12.50@13.50
Fair to good butcher steers	11.50@12.50
Good to choice heifers	10.50@12.00
Good to choice butcher bulls	10.50@11.50
Good to choice cows	9.00@11.00
Fair to good cows	7.50@9.00
Common cows	5.00@7.00

CALVES Receipts 200 head, market slow, top $14.00

Good to choice veal calves	$13.50@14.00
Fair to good	12.50@13.00

SHEEP AND LAMBS Receipts 500 head, market slow, top $17.00

Good to choice lambs	$17.00@17.50
Fair to good	15.00@15.00
Good to choice wethers	12.00@13.50
Fair to good calves	10.00@12.00
Culls and common	7.00@9.00

HOGS Receipts 2500 head, market slow, ten cents lower

Pickers	$18.40
Mixed	18.40
Heavies	18.40
Mediums	18.40
Pigs	18.40
Roughs	16.00
Stags	13.75

CHICAGO

UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO, MAY 11. HOGS Receipts 15,000, market 5@10c lower

Mixed and butchers	$17.10@18.10
Good and heavy	16.60@17.95
Rough heavy	16.60@16.95
Light	17.50@18.10
Pigs	14.25@17.15
Bulk	17.70@18.05

CATTLE Receipts 1500 head; market steady.

Beeves	10.00@17.50
Cows and heifers	6.80@14.10
Stockers and feeders	8.00@12.75
Calves	8.00@14.00

SHEEP Receipts 2000 head; market weak

Native and Western	$13.00@16.60
Lambs	15.50@20.00

PITTSBURGH

PITTSBURG, PA., MAY 11.—CATTLE Receipts light; market steady.

Choice	$16.50@17.00
Prime	16.50@17.00
Good	16.00@16.10
Tidy butchers	15.25@16.00
Fair	14.25@15.25
Common	13.25@14.25
Common to good 1st bulls	10.00@13.00
Common to good fat cows	10.00@13.00
Heifers	12.00@13.50
Fresh cows and springers	$60@110
Veal calves	15.00

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light, market steady

Prime wethers	$11.65
Good mixed	13.00@14.00
Fair mixed	10.00@12.00
Culls and common	6.00@8.00
Spring lambs	17.00

HOGS - Receipts 15 double decks; market lower

Prime heavy hogs	$18.25@18.40
Mediums	18.80@18.90
Light Yorkers	18.80@18.90
Heavy Yorkers	18.80@18.90
Pigs	18.50@18.75
Roughs	12.50@16.25
Stags	12.50@16.25

EAST BUFFALO

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., MAY 11 - CATTLE Receipts 300 head; market slow.

Prime steers	$16.00@17.25
Butcher grades	7.00@15.75

CALVES—Receipts 2000 head; market active.

Cull to choice	$5.00@15.00

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts 3,000 head; market active 50c up

Choice lambs	$18.00@18.25
Cull to fair	12.00@17.75
Yearlings	11.00@15.50
Sheep	5.00@17.00

HOGS—Receipts 4030 head, market steady

Yorkers	$18.75@19.10
Pigs	18.75
Mixed	19.00@19.25
Heavy	18.50@18.75
Roughs	16.00@16.75
Stags	12.50@13.00

TOLEDO GRAIN

TOLEDO, O., MAY 11. CLOSE

CLOVERSEED Prime cash 14.25 Oct 14.00

ALSIKE Prime cash 14.25

TIMOTHY Old prime cash 3.85; new 3.85; old 3.52½, Oct 3.20, Dec 3.20

CORN No. 2 yellow 1.55, No. 3 mixed 1.55; No. 3 white 1.60

OATS Standard, white 74@74½, No. 3 white 77@78, No. 4 white 76@77

CHICAGO GRAIN

CHICAGO, ILLS., MAY 11. CORN opened ½c to ¾c lower, oats were ¾c to 1¼c higher and provisions opened lower

OPENING

CORN May 1.27, July 1.31 1/4@1/2, Sept 1.32 1/4@1/2

OATS May 71 1/4@1/2 to 1/4, June 72, July 66 to 66 3/4

PORK May 44.75 to 44.70

LARD May 25.50 to 25.47, Sept 25.77

Ben Davis Origin Unknown.

The Ben Davis is sometimes thought to have originated in Indiana but horticultural writers say its origin may never be known. It is supposed to have come into the world about the middle of the last century. It was well known in Civil war times, and it is related that it migrated westward from Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee. It yields well in a vast territory from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

J. L. Scott, West Lafayette, was here on business yesterday.

James H. Dunfee, Coshocton route 5, spent Saturday here.

LOCAL QUOTATIONS

LOCAL GRAIN and FEED

(Corrected by Hanley Milling Co.)
We are paying today:

	Per 100 lbs.	Per Bu.
Wheat	$3.50	$2.10
Corn	2.00	1.00
Oats	2.30	.75

We are selling retail today:

Flour, per bbl.	$12.00
Flour, per ½ bbl.	6.25
Flour, per 1-8 bbl.	1.65
Meal, yellow, bolted, per cwt.	3.00
Bran, in purchasers' bags	2.00
Middlings, in purchasers' bags	2.10
Screenings	2.00
Oats	1.00
Cracked Corn	3.00
Oil Meal	3.60
A-No. 1 Salt, bbl.	2.00
Tankage	6.00
Corn	1.75

POULTRY

(Corrected by Charles E. Lorens)

Wholesale	
Ducks(colored	.26
Ducks, white	.26
Geese	.15
Turkeys	.30
Chickens	.25
Roosters, young	.20
Roosters, old	.14
Retail	
Geese	.16
Turkeys, alive	.35
Ducks	.30
Chickens	.25
Roosters, young	.20
Roosters, old	.15

SEED MARKET

(Corrected by Charles E. Lorens)

Selling Price	
Alfalfa	$13.50
Blue Grass	5.00
Orchard Grass	3.00
Mammoth Clover	20.00
Fancy Medium	19.00
Prime Medium	18.00
Alsike	18.00
White Sweet	10.00
Yellow Sweet	8.00
Timothy	4.00
Soy Beans	6.00
Rape Seed, per lb.	.15

THOMSON FEED STORE

Buying Price	
Straw (new)	$ 9.00
Loose Hay (new)	22.00
Baled Hay	23.00
Selling Price	
Salt, 100-lb sack	$ 1.10
Timothy	4.00

PRODUCE

(Corrected Daily by Overholt & Crail Grocery)

Wholesale Prices	
Butter	$ .50
Eggs	.35
Country Lard	.30
Retail Prices	
Butter	$ .55
Creamery Butter	.60
Eggs	.37
Lard	.35
Honey, per lb.	.20
Sugar, per lb.	.08
Onions, lb.	.04

Stock Market

NEW YORK, N. Y., MAY 11.—Trading on the stock exchange continued in large volume at the opening today but the market tone was mixed and price movements irregular. The most interest was attached to Distillers' Securities which moved up 3 points in the first fifteen minutes to 60½. Steels continued up ⅛ to 108⅞ but the other steel industrials were comparatively quiet and showed only small fractional changes. Mexican Petroleum moved up one point to 97 3-4 and Anaconda showed a gain of over one point at 37⅝.

The Liberty 4s sold down to 98.36.

CHICAGO GRAIN

CHICAGO ILLS., MAY 11.—CORN closed 1c higher to 2 3-4 lower; oats were 1½c to 1¾ lower and provisions 5c to 10c lower

CLOSE

CORN May 1.27, July 1.45¼ to [illegible]

OATS May 71 1/4@1/2; June 71 3/4 [illegible]; 66 7/8@67 1/8

PORK May 44.75, July 45.75.

LARD May 25.37; July 25.67; Sept [illegible]

RIBS May [illegible]; July 24.25; Sept 24.77

CLOSING

CORN No. 2 yellow 1.50; No. 3 yellow 1.47½, No. 4 yellow 1.70; No. 5 yellow 1.46@1.65, No. 5, yellow 1.43@1.45; No. 6 yellow 1.25@1.25; No. 4 mixed 1.47@1.5[illegible]

OATS No. 2 white 78@79¼; No. 3 white 75@77½, No. 4 white 75@77½

PORK [illegible]

LARD [illegible]

RIBS [illegible]

CLOVER 18.00@28.00

CLEVELAND PRODUCE

CLEVELAND, O., MAY 11.—BUTTER [illegible] in tubs 45½; [illegible] to [illegible]47, firsts 41 [illegible] seconds 39@40, packing stock 32@33

OLEOMARGARINE—First grade [illegible]@31; [illegible] 25@27½

EGGS [illegible]

LIVE POULTRY Chickens 31@32; old roosters 20@22

POTATOES Old 1.70 per hundred pounds. Receipts 3,755 sacks per barrel

Persian and African Donkeys.

Two species of the Caucasian donkey hail, the one from Persia, the other from Africa, says a nature student. Persia is also responsible for the proud mountaineers' fondness for chickens. our European ancestors got their roosters at some time during the historic period. Finally the famous Caucasus sheep took one day their departure from the broad plains situated between Persia and the Caspian sea.

PICK OF THE PICTURES

PASTIME

MONDAY—ONE DAY ONLY

J. Barry Sherry

IN GREAT LEGAL DRAMA.

THE ARGUMENT

A gigantic indictment of terrific force and emotional power is Triangle's photodrama, "The Argument." It will make a deep and significant mark in the minds of millions: also TRIANGLE COMEDY.

Tuesday, Special Booking Attraction

Harry Morey with Gladys Leslie

—in—

"HIS OWN PEOPLE"

A radiant comedy drama of Irish life with two of the most popular stars of the screen heralds Vitagraph's 1918 procession of great stars in great stories by famous authors. In addition FORD WEEKLY.

UTAHNA Monday Only

WILLIAM S. HART

The Peerless Cowboy in another Wild and Western Feature.

"THE BATTLE" Also The Woman in the Web

Marvelous photo serial of Melodramatic Adventure and BIG V COMEDY

U.S. INFANTRY PARADES BEFORE BRITISH ROYALTY AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE

(By Floyd MacGriff.)
(International News Service)

LONDON, MAY 11.—King George, Queen Mary, the Prince of Wales and Princess Mary today reviewed the [illegible] United States [illegible] ever held in London. The royal party stood just outside of Buckingham Palace and saluted as the Americans briskly swung by. The marchers passed the palace just at noon. When the regimental colors and the stars and stripes were carried by the king removed his hat. As the men marched past the palace the regimental band from the grenadier guards played "The Star And Stripes For Ever."

There was a tremendous cheering throng in street lanes just opposite the palace.

The American soldiers thus honored today hail from all parts of the United States. They were trained at Camp Gordon.

This was "American Day" in London and a rousing reception was giving to the American soldiers that marched thru the streets.

Old Glory flew alone from the war office, where Premier Lloyd George, Chancellor A. Bonar Law, and an American staff officer stood at a window as the Americans swung by. The British ministers waved their hands and joined in the cheers as the doughboys passed the building.

Lord Milner, the war minister, Lord Curzon, and other members of the war cabinet watched from an adjoining window.

As the Americans entered Whitehall after emerging from Horse Guards Arch, the sun broke thru the clouds, which was taken by the populace as a good omen. The band played a lively air as the doughboys passed between the banks of thousands that lined the streets. Traffic was halted and every open space was a sea of human faces.

All of the London papers gave large space to "American day" and the march of the American soldiers. The program was published in detail.

In commenting upon the statement that there are now half a million men in France the Daily Mail said:

"That represents a really great achievement. The Americans have immense, unlooked for difficulties to contend with. All cannot be overcome but America is fast getting the better of them."

The Times said:

"The enemy's self deception about the impossibility of America's army in reaching France must be by this time an unpleasant thot."

The Post published an article a column long on the American effort to counterbalance Russia's defection.

"If it takes ten times 500,000 men to get even with the Hun, America will send them," said the Express.

HELPING

One's Self Appeals to Nearly Every Person. How It Can Be Done.

1. Save your money
2. And you help yourself
3. You also help your family.
4. Moreover by saving you can help the Government in the buying of Liberty Bonds and Thrift Stamps
5. Start a savings account with The Buckeye State Building and Loan Company,
6. Rankin Building, 22 West Gay street, Columbus, Ohio. Assets $14,800,000. Five per cent paid on time deposits.

GARY GETS GUN PLANT OUTRIVALING THE KRUPPS'

(International News Service)

CHICAGO, ILLS., MAY 11.—The Chicago steel district is to get the huge $75,000,000 United States ordnance plant to be built in the middle west, according to reports here today. Surveyors are already laying out the site east of the United States Steel Corporation's big plant at Gary, on the lake front.

Negotiations for the site were completed yesterday, it is declared. It was owned by Guy R. Cokeley, and the Consumers' Gas Company. The plant, it is said, will outrival the Krupp Gun Shop at Essen and will be the biggest gun factory in the world.

Have Solved the Porch Comfort Problem

Thousands never knew real porch comfort and exclusiveness until they filled every porch opening with ***Aerolux Ventilating Porch Shades.***

Note we say "filled every porch opening" for the maximum comfort and exclusiveness of these favorite family nooks is derived only when they are

Completely Enclosed

The appearance of the house is also greatly improved, for AEROLUX Shades are really decorative. Their smooth, silky finish and harmonious colors lend a rustic charm both distinctive and appealing.

Easy to operate. Can't whip. Substantial as well as artistic. Ideal for sun parlors.

Do not wait until the sun is boiling hot, but place your order **now** and be ready for "Old Sol."

Call **today** or 'phone for samples and the "AEROLUX" man to take measurements of your porch

The McKeown-Settle Company

The Store Where Everybody Shops

SHAFROTH IS PHILIPPINES COMMITTEEMAN

WASHINGTON, MAY 11.—The Democratic steering committee of the senate this afternoon selected Senator Shafroth, of Colorado, as chairman of the Philippines' committee to succeed Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, recently elected chairman of the foreign relations' committee.

Senator Saulsbury, of Delaware, was chosen chairman of the committee on Pacific islands and Porto Rico succeeding Senator Shafroth. Senator Guyon, of Louisiana, and Senator Wolfley, of Missouri, were elected to the postoffice and post roads committee. Senator Ransdell, of Louisiana, to the national affairs' committee, and Senator Swanson, of Virginia, to the rules' committee.

J. H. Senter, Coshocton route 5, was here Saturday.

ROCHESTER IN THROES OF A TROLLEY STRIKE

(International News Service)

ROCHESTER, N. Y., MAY 11.—Rochester's long threatened trolley strike, which threatens to extend to Syracuse, Oneida, Utica, Schnectady, and other cities on the New York State Railway's system, took effect this morning and thousands of workers were forced to walk to their places of employment.

The decision to strike followed the rejection of Mayor Edgerton's proposal to defer action pending the outcome of a special session of the common council called for this afternoon. The mayor was accused by the Union officials of stalling and after Business Agent John O'Sullivan had voiced the sentiment of the railway employes by hooting "To Hell with the Mayor," the men unanimously agreed not to take out their cars this morning.

NINE SAILORS COMMENDED FOR THEIR BRAVERY

WASHINGTON, MAY 11.—Nine enlisted men of the navy, members of the crew of the U. S. S. Parker, have been commended by Secretary Daniels for heroism in rescuing survivors from the steamer Glenart Castle, which sank February 26, the navy department announced today. The rescues were all made at great personal risk and in a cold and choppy sea. The men are:

John C. Cole, quartermaster, Roxbury, Mass; Jonathan T. Newman, seaman, New Brunswick, N. J.; Roy L. Hofses, chief boatswain's mate, Providence, R. I.; Francis W. Beeghley, yeoman, Des Moines, Ia.; James H. Quinn, coxswain, Philadelphia; David L. Morgan, radio electrician, Wichita Falls, Tex.; Thomas E. Troue, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Wilbur Matthews, Yonkers, N. Y.; David Goldman, machinist's mate, Philadelphia.

MOTORMAN IS ELECTROCUTED AT TELEPHONE

(International News Service)

SPRINGFIELD, O., MAY 11.—John Styer, 33, an Ohio Electric interurban motorman was electrocuted at noon today, near here, when he picked up a telephone hook during a rain storm. Elza Yarder, a lineman was rendered unconscious in trying to free Styer from the telephone, which was in a box on a pole. Twenty three hundred volts of electricity passed thru Styer's body. Styer was married and lived at Medway. He leaves a widow and two children.

Canadians Take Men Of Tender Age

OTTAWA, ONT., MAY 11.—Men of B class, who are unmarried or widowers without children, have been called to register for military service by the Canadian government on or before June 1st. They will not be placed on active service before July 1st.

SERVIANS RAID BULGARIANS ON MACEDON FRONT

SALONIKI, MAY 11.—Via London—Successful raiding operations were reported on the Macedonian front today from the following war office statement on Balkan operations.

"There has been reciprocal artillery firing at the mouth of the Struma river and on the Servian front, north of Montastir. The Servians successfully raided Bulgarian trenches in the Zheriaki sector and repulsed a hostile raid near Dobrewolje. Allied aviators bombed an aerodrome and barracks at Bernaci."

Plenty Of Artillery In France

(International News Service)

WASHINGTON, MAY 11.—"Sufficient supplies of artillery—French 75's and 155's and American heavy railway artillery—are already in France to meet the present demand," asserts a statement issued by the acting chief of ordnance this afternoon. "Sufficient supplies of machine guns are also immediately available for American forces in France," the statement adds.

"Every demand imposed by the new program for overseas shipments of American troops has thus far been met by the ordnance department. No infantry goes abroad without a United States model 1917 rifle—modified Enfield bayonet, belt, haversack, pack carriers, bandolcers, bayonet scabbard and full mess equipment."

EDGAR BRODE TO TRAIN FOR GUNNER RATING

Mrs. C. A. Brode, of South [illegible] have received word from Edgar Brode, of the Great Naval Training Station. He has been transferred to the school, and will remain at [illegible] for two months' training, [illegible] company in which young men placed shortly after enlistment have been assigned to [illegible]

FRENCH GAIN GROUND ON THE PICARDY FRONT

(International News Service)

PARIS, MAY 11.—Ground was gained by the French northwest of Orvillers and Sorrel (on the Picardy front opposite Amiens), during the course of minor operations during the night, the war office announced today.

A violent artillery struggle raged thruout the night in the sectors of Grivesnes, and Mailly-Raineval. Over 54 prisoners were captured by the French and a number of successful raids were carried out in various sectors of the Picardy battle zone and elsewhere.

The text of the communique follows:

"There was a severe artillery combat during the night. It was most violent in the sectors of Grivenes and Mailly Raineval.

"North of Grivenes the French made a raid capturing fifteen prisoners.

"As a result of minor operations on the line of Bois De Moreuil, northwest of Orvillers, and Sorrel, we gained ground. Thirty-nine prisoners and several machine guns were captured by us there.

"The Germans tried to recapture the ground in a counter attack but were repulsed.

"Southeast of Mont Didier, and in the sectors of Thiacourt and Sipignoul and on the Woevre plain we raided German trenches capturing a few prisoners and some war materials.

Americans are on the battle front south of Mont Didier and are holding part of the line in the Woevre district.

REGULATE RENTALS

WASHINGTON, MAY 11.—The senate this afternoon passed a bill controlling rents in the District of Columbia for the period of the war.

Miss Wilma Palmer of Newcomerstown, spent Saturday with friends in Coshocton.

REV. T.W. SWAN PREACHES TODAY AT PRES. CHURCH

The congregation of the First Presbyterian church will have the privilege of hearing the Rev. T. W. Swan of Beaver, Penn. Rev. Swan preached at the Presbyterian church here two weeks ago and was greatly appreciated by the local congregation, and asked to return again. He will preach at both services here today.

FONCK NEARS THE RECORD OF HIS TEAM MATE

(International News Service)

PARIS, MAY 11.—By destroying six German aeroplanes on Thursday Sub Lieutenant Rene Fonck today leads the French air service his score of victories totalling 39 against Lieutenant Chas. Nungesser's 34, and nearly reaching Guynemer's record.

Fonck avenged his team mate Guynemer a few days after the German airman Wissner shot down the French airman near Poelcapelle in September by shooting down Wissner within the allied lines near Dixmude.

HAS TONSILITIS.

C. B. Wilhelm, clerk of courts, is suffering from tonsilitis at his home on Walnut street.

CITY EDITORS IN CONVENTION AT INDIANAPOLIS

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., MAY 11.—Working newspaper men from all parts of the United States were here today for the annual meeting of the National Association of City Editors. Among notable speakers who will address the newspaper men tonight and an open meeting tomorrow are Representative Jas. W. Husted, of New York; Chas. B. Timberlake, of Colorado, and Wm. G. Shepard, a former war correspondent. Clyde P. Steen, of Lima, Ohio, president, opened the convention.

BOMB IS FOUND IN SMOKING CAR

PROVIDENCE, R. I., MAY 11.—A time bomb, 12 inches long and three inches in diameter, was found in the smoking car of a train which left Bristol for Providence at twelve o'clock today.

The bomb carefully wrapped in newspapers was found by Chas. Kimball and was turned over to U. S. Marshal John B. Richards in this city.

NOTICE.

All persons able to play drums or fifes are hereby requested to meet at the G. A. R. Hall on Main street, Coshocton Ohio, on Sunday, May 12, 1918, at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

(Signed) .... STUART B. HAYES.

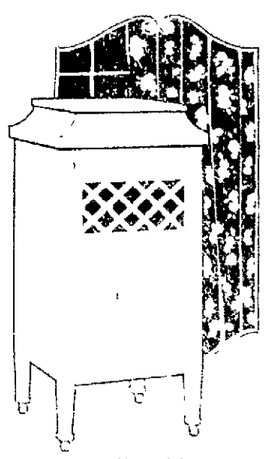
STRADIVARA

"KNOWN FOR TONE"

Why

should you deny yourself the pleasure of a phonograph when for $10 down and $5 per month you can buy this exquisite new Stradivara model "Two"? Adam period design.

Come in this week and hear our new vox this latest addition to the Stradivara family [illegible]



The Compton-Price Co.

MYSTIC A Big Week ZARROW'S ENGLISH DAISIES

Mr. Zarrow Says It is His Best Show, Featuring ARTHUR WILLIAM YOUNG and MONA MAYO—Different From All the Others

FIRST BILL—*"MORNING"* SECOND BILL—*"NOON"* THIRD BILL—*"NIGHT"*

In Addition the Greatest Picture Program Ever Offered Mon.-Tues. Julian Eltinge in "The Countess Charming;" Wed.-Thurs. "Goldwyn's Auction Block;" Fri. and Sat. "Lincoln Series" Hart and Billie West